

FOR GEORGIANS.

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE EMPIRE STATE.

Alfred a Fatal Accident in Grapeland—A Colored Candidate for Representative in Spalding County—Dawson's Business—Harrison and Stephens—Dalton—Roswell Cotton Worms.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

GRAPLEND, August 30.—It might have proven a fatal accident had the lady only been standing half a foot nearer. I refer to the general crumpling and tumbling down of Mrs. G. W. Grant's kitchen chimney, a morning or two since, while Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Grant's mother, was superintending the breakfast, and just as she was in the act of turning a few cakes on the cooking stove there came an almighty crash as if an earthquake had suddenly burst forth, and Mrs. Kirkpatrick was picked up from the floor almost senseless by the family, who were attracted by such an uncommon and sudden noise, and had run in to see what was the matter. There was a huge stove, weighing between seven and eight hundred pounds, about five or six feet above the fire-place, near which the stove was sitting, and from the recent heavy rains we have had the stone and brick had become so moistened from the numerous leaks and badly cared for chimney that it collapsed of its own weight, coming down squarely across the stove and smashing it into smithereens. Mrs. K. was knocked down and under a table by the falling brick, and had she been but slightly touched by the ponderous stone, which only missed her by a half foot, she would have been crushed to death. Epps Blanton, a colored school teacher who resides somewhere in the vicinity of Orchard Hill, will urge his claim for legislative aid in behalf of the republican party of Spalding county. However, if Epps declines after more mature deliberation over the matter, there will certainly be another fight in the field, and he is bound to come from the republican ranks.

Mr. Julius A. Horne, who recently severed his connection with William C. Lyons, of this city, with the intention of opening a store in Jackson, Butte county, has returned to his first love and will pretty soon commence a business of his own in Griffin, as he thinks Jackson's boom considerably overrated, and that Griffin's future is brighter every day. Besides this another new store will open up next week, and when the four-story block on south Hill street is completed it will be immediately occupied by new and enterprising firms. The old Georgia hotel is being painted and otherwise handsomely fitted up, and I am informed will be occupied by an Atlanta landlord soon.

ROME.

The Forty-Second Senatorial Convention—No Quorum of the Executive Committee.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

ROME, August 30.—Representatives of the executive committee of Bartow, Floyd and Chatooga met at the court house today to settle the senatorial question. J. C. Loomis, of Chatooga, was elected chairman, and J. B. F. Lumpkin, of Floyd, secretary. The following resolution was adopted:

Whereas, It appearing that there is not a majority of the democratic executive committee of Bartow, Floyd and Chatooga present at this meeting, it is therefore resolved that no quorum is present.

The gentlemen present then adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That in the interest of unity and harmony both in the district and in the state, the person to be nominated by the senatorial convention may be either a democrat or a republican, and that a united party free from discord or conflicting claims.

Resolved, That in the absence of a senatorial executive committee, and there being no constituted authority to call a convention of the party for the district and counties, the following gentlemen, Messrs. J. C. Loomis, J. M. Smith and N. H. Bass, were appointed a committee to notify Messrs. Baker & Wolford of the proceedings of this meeting. There were present at the meeting the following members of the executive committee: J. C. Loomis, Chatooga; A. W. Fite, J. W. Smith, L. T. Erwin, C. M. Franks, of Bartow; W. F. Ayer, J. J. Black, J. B. F. Lumpkin, N. H. Bass, G. W. Fleetwood, of Floyd. Several prominent democrats of Rome were also present. Dr. Baker was represented by Mr. Murphy, of Cartersville; Mr. Wolford by A. W. Fite.

DALTON.

A Sudden Death From an Unknown Cause—Two Colored Vigilantes Break Jail—Cotton Meeting.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

DALTON, August 30.—A sudden death at the Ruid house in this city, yesterday morning, caused a sensation in that locality, early in the morning. Mrs. Sallie Hawkins, who has been employed in the above hotel for some time as a servant and chambermaid, was found dead in her room. She died during the night some time. She had been complaining for a few days with an inflamed throat, but retired in comparative good health. Coroner Sutherland was called upon to hold an inquest. The jury was summoned and an inquest held. The verdict rendered was that she came to her death by no known cause that could be found. Mrs. Hawkins was about 25 years of age; had been employed for some time at the Ruid house; came to this place from East Tennessee; leaves a small child that will be taken care of by the proper authorities. Mrs. Hawkins was buried from the Ruid house this morning in the cemetery. William Bunch and William Kidd, two Dalton negro vagabonds, broke out of the city guard house today by filing the hinges of the door and made good their escape. They had been imprisoned for stealing. Mary Jones, a colored woman, may never see them again in these parts. The August meeting at "Cumberland Shed church" at Sumach was attended by a number of Daltonians Sunday. A great number of people from all sections of this county and Murray county were in attendance. Morton's Big 10 minstrels gave an excellent performance in the opera house in this place last night.

CANTON.

A School Entertainment With a Variety of Interesting Exercises.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CANTON, August 29. The school of Professor J. M. Attaway gave an exhibition at the court house last night, the public cordially invited. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, a very good crowd gathered to enjoy the evening. The singing was delivered by George R. Brown, of this county. He chose for his subject, "Ideal Greatness," and it is needless to say that he handled it with that real and fervor allotted the Browns. The entire colored boys band discoursed music, and by so doing added greatly to the enjoyment of the evening. The order of the evening was speech-making, recitations, dialogues, and a debate by the young ladies upon the subject, "Woman Fustifiable in Following the Fashions of the Day." The exercises of the school and the music of the band were good, interesting and entertaining, and reflected much credit upon the teacher.

ROSSELL.

Farmers Complaining of the Cotton Worms—Business on the Increase—New Cotton Mill.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

ROSSELL, August 30.—Many farmers through this section are complaining of worms in the cotton, and from Cherokee particularly they hear reports of considerable damage. Recent heavy rains are also injuring the prospects, and through the state never has been known to equal this season, yet there is a general concurrence in the opinion that cotton is fruiting very slowly. Business in the week is fairly good. Three new stores this week; plenty of room and business for more. The new cotton mill is being pushed rapidly, and the contractors will probably be ready for operation in the fall. The following ladies are here from Atlanta: Miss D. Howard, Miss Mary Dunwoody, Miss Alice Dunwoody, Misses Estelle and Marion King, Miss Miller.

THE DIGESTS.

RETURNS FROM SEVERAL COUNTIES IN GEORGIA.

Chatham, Chatham, Dooley, Upton and Whitfield Counties—The Returns of the Receivers—Increase in Value of Land, Wild and Improved—Poultry, White and Colored.

From the Savannah, Ga., Recorder.

The tax returns of the county are all in and our efficient receiver, Captain Henry L. Davis, has furnished us with the result as given below. It shows an increase of taxable property in the county over last year of nearly \$3,275,000. Of course most of the increase is in the city, though it is to a degree general throughout the county. The following is the gratifying exhibit:

1881. 1882.

Polis..... 7,295 56
Lawyers..... 40 56
Doctors..... 20 10
Dentists..... 6 10
Photographers..... 19,945 19,945
No. of acres of land..... 1,316,915 \$1,316,915
Aggregate value land..... 10,688,567 12,108,079 50
Money, notes and accounts..... 1,867,861 10 1,702,999
Capital invested in shipping..... 1,144,209 1,390,952
Capital invested in shipping and tonnage..... 81,455 29,125
Value of cotton..... 1,235,769 1,620,969
Cotton manufactures..... 2,500 2,500
Furniture..... 2,500 2,500
Household goods..... 231,015 275,885
Watches, jewelry and all other kind of work..... 38,566 42,320
Horses, mules and all other kind of stock..... 29,134 233,530
Plantation and mechanical tools, law and other books..... 29,134 31,450
Cotton, corn, annual crops and provision held for sale, April 1st..... 9,400
Value of other property not before enumerated..... 565,211 62 272,381
Total..... 1,113,281
Aggregate value of whole property..... \$17,087,277 30 \$20,391,628 50

We could not obtain the number of polls returned for this year, as Mr. R. D. Walker, Jr., is now engaged in drawing off the number and classifying them to find out the number of white and colored voters in the county. We are informed by the tax receiver, is the result of nearly one million of dollars invested in shipping line has been returned under another head of taxable property. It will also be seen that the number of acres returned in this county for this year is only a trifle over one-third of the number returned last year, while the valuation for that item shows nearly nineteen thousand dollars increase over last year's valuation. This resulted from the fact that many parties have returned their land this year giving the value without the number of acres. On the whole, the consolidated statement, as given above, shows a very flattering condition of things, and speaks volumes in favor of old Chatham, which will no doubt show a larger increase in her taxable property, and a greater prosperity generally than any other county in the state.

CHATHAM COUNTY.

From the Columbus, Ga., Times.

The returns of the taxable property of Chatham county are all in and the efficient tax receiver of that county furnishes us with the result as consolidated. The figures are interesting, and show an increase in value over last year of \$15,000. The tax shows the comparison between this and last year.

1881. 1882.

Value of land..... \$28,150 \$26,777
Town property..... 8,775 8,353
Money, notes and accounts..... 2,280 2,280
Merchandise..... 8,555 9,830
Household furniture..... 21,060 21,060
Cotton, corn, annual crops and provision held for sale, April 1st..... 10,110 10,730
Other property..... 6,415 7,620
Total..... \$51,229 \$52,822

White polls..... 373 369
Colored polls..... 473 543
Acres of land..... 12,800 12,800
Value of land..... \$17,024 11,063
Owned by a grocer..... 1,912 1,735
Total amount of property owned by grocers..... \$18,875 \$22,910

Number of hands employed..... 863 817
Lawyers..... 2 2
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DOUGLASS AND THE LAND OF BEULAH.

From the Savannah, Ga., Recorder.

The result of the tax return, it should be Beulah, for if it is what is claimed for it this poor country will become the land of Beulah—which we believe signifies the land of rest. We have a splendid specimen of this grain given us by Rev. J. E. Earle, grown in his garden in Hartwell. It looks to us like truck the old women fifty years ago called chicken corn, which was fine for chickens, hogs, sheep and other dumb brutes, and now is said to be a fine substitute for wheat and Indian corn. It will grow well on poor land and will make more than corn or any other grain, stands drought, frost, and it can't rain too much for it. The Yankees may quit shipping their new-fangled agricultural implements to us now.

Hints at Real Life Romances.

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Lost on the Mountain.

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LUMBER HAULERS.

From the Milledgeville, Ga., Times.

Again I've joined the lumber brigade. Like several years ago. The team I drive is not so quick. But stop when I say whoa.

The goats are over on the wing. They beat beneath my hat. I think they are an awful thing. To bother lean and fat.

The farmer seems quite happy now. The corn and peas abound. There's plenty now to feed the cow. And something for the hounds.

The cotton crop is number one. Some merchants smile and say. They will not have to sue and dun. For most of men will pay.

I am just as rich as I was when I used to be poor. I've a dollar now—I had it then. Although, I have no more.

With what I have I'll be content in poverty or wealth. There's happiness without a cent. Tho' gold improves my health.

Rejoice, and be exceeding glad—All men that have and true. If you don't like the picked shad Give more to Cousin John. If I don't stall at yonder hill Just look for me again.

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BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

LOTTERIES.

The Public is requested to notice the new and enlarged edition of the

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A LOVE OF A ROOM.

Decorated and Furnished by the Hand of a Connecticut Working Girl.

A young working girl of this city, by the exercise of her own ingenuity and taste, has put every spare penny where it would do the most good, has furnished forth a charming room at comparatively small expense and sufficiently attractive to please the most fastidious person. The floor, painted by her own hands, is a dark, walnut shade, partly covered by a large rug made of cheap grain carpet, in a small pattern of cream and olive, bordered by a broad band of plain olive felt. The inexpensive wall paper is plain olive flecked with pink, finished by a narrow olive frieze, terminating at the corners with a cluster of four tiny pink fans. One window faces a dingy brick wall and she painted the window panes in bright water colors, following a pretty traced pattern, which gives a bit of stained glass effect in the pretty room. The other window is draped gracefully with long full folds of sprigged muslin, depending from rings on a plain pine rod to be replaced in the winter with a heavier curtain of olive cotton flannel. The furniture is light wood and a lamp with a rosy transparency stands on a five-ounce oak table, on which are a few books and a vase of flowers. The room is a perfect little paradise, and throws a soft light over the room, which also contains books, shelves of pine, a couple of second-hand easy chairs and a small dry goods box for shoes, covered by her own hands, with a velvet cushion and a small rug. A large clothes-horse, on which is pasted the story of Cinderella in Walter Crane's pictures over olive paper, shuts off the wash stand and bedstead from view. The toilet accessories, so soft with their original color, are a pink lining, are a pink and white washstand and a large pitcher of the same shape that comes now in the cheaper grades of china; a second-hand wardrobe, draped with a pattern of olive and pink, contains the unostentatious dust pan, brooms and other homely articles necessary to neatness and comfort, all trilled off that description bought at the five cent counters. A pretty yellow rocking chair, ornamented with olive and pink ribbon, and a knitted hassock to match, the two latter Christmas gifts, stand on the rug.

On the olive-draped mantle are grandma's mainstays, two tall silver candlesticks and a large green jar, not decorated and spoiled with gilded-on pictures, but left in its pristine blue and white beauty, filled with white daisies gathered on Sunday afternoon wags. Two or three photographs of good subjects, that are better than chronos and cost less, hang on the wall and complete the pretty refuge of this proud and illustrious girl, who is self-respecting enough to earn her own living rather than to be dependent upon her rich relations.

A Blood Diet.

From the Lord in London.

The fact that all animals, even the herbivora, are at first nourished on a diet of milk, which must be considered as purely animal, led M. Regnard to suggest that an animal diet might be employed with advantage at a subsequent epoch in their history. The idea is not new, but attempts to verify it by, for instance, feeding horses on meat, raw or cooked, invariably failed in consequence of the disgust which this diet occasioned. It occurred, however, to M. Regnard that an animal substance might be utilized, certainly highly nutritious, of which those that are wasted weekly, namely, blood. The problem was how to present it to the animal in such a form as not to occasion disgust. The blood was heated to 100 C. and the coagulum thus obtained was pressed and rapidly dried in a stove and then powdered in a coffee mill. It was found to keep well and to be devoid of odor and of taste, and was given mixed with other food in doses varying from ten to eighty grammes daily. The experiments were made on lambs which had been abandoned by their mothers. Three lambs were kept on the ordinary diet of beetroot, hay, etc., and of three others the powdered blood was given. The first steadily lost flesh, while the latter increased to three times the original weight, and commiserators declared that they had never seen such fine lambs of the same age. The animals surpassed their fellows which had been suckled by their dams both in weight and size, and their coat of wool became doubled in thickness. Experiments of the same kind are now in progress with calves, and promise to be as successful as the others. It will certainly be a matter of high importance if the vast amount of nutriment now almost entirely wasted can be thus utilized. The saving of milk in rearing calves, for instance, would alone be a most valuable item. It appears that this system of alimentation is applicable also to man. In the case of a rickety child of eighteen months, the results are said to have been most encouraging.

She Lost Her Baby.

From the Springfield Journal.

At Plainville, Conn., on Wednesday morning, a woman stepped from a train a moment to question the agent, and the train pulled out suddenly without her. Her baby, who had been moved to Bristol and ordered the agent to telegraph to Bristol and ordered the baby returned. The train dropped the infant at Forestville, and a good man footed it thither and lodged the mother at Plainville. The mother, meantime grown impatient, had gone to Forestville on the engine of a gravel train. So back went the good man with the baby to Forestville, there to learn that the frantic mother had returned to Plainville. The man then telephoned to the woman to still half an hour, which she did, and got back her infant.

A Text With a Parenthesis.

From the New Haven Journal.

Recently an eloquent clergyman in this vicinity, a boomer in the pulpit, announced his text in this fashion: "And now abide these three, faith, hope and charity." Then addressing a good sister who sat below in one of the front seats ready to drink in the whole sermon, and who was fanning herself vigorously, the new minister of the church opposite the site the pastor being closed on account of the good man's rheumatism, he added: "My good sister, don't fan so furiously, it annoys me, but the greatest of these is charity." The audience could hardly express its surprise at the juxtaposition of the injunction and the declaratory clause of the text, and as for the good sister her fan was not opened again till "meeting was over."

That feeling of languor and debility that follows physical exertion, removed by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

The mystery has been solved at last! Our teeth no longer need decay. All troubles of the mouth, such as, for example, by SOZODONT they are swept away. And young and old may smile secure with lips and teeth so bright and pure.

aug. 29-30 weds thurs sat

Although there will be no marrying or giving in marriage in heaven, it is said that we will all have our wives there. Wonder what lawyers' wives will do?

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Dr. A. Jenkins, Great Falls, N. H., says: "I have prescribed it and can testify to its seemingly almost specific virtues in cases of dyspepsia, nervousness and morbid vigilance or wakefulness."

Why do they call graduating exercises "commencement"? Because then when the girls commence to set their traps for the fellows to start housekeeping with.

"Old She Die"

"No," she lingered and suffered long, pining away all the time, for years, the doctor said her no good, and at last was cured by this Hop Bitters. How thankful we should be for that medicine."

Nerves, brain, and muscles gain strength and the power of endurance by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

aug. 29-30 weds thurs sat

Whenever You See a Friend Suffering with dyspepsia, sick headache, biliousness or any kindred disease, give him or her the nearest drug store and procure a bottle of Simmons Liver Regulator. It never fails to relieve and cure.

Only one address out of three delivered at commencement is stolen from old scrap books. The remainder are bought for cash or composed in the family.—Detroit Free Press.

Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection with syringe combined cures stinging irritation, inflammation and urinary complaints. \$1. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, and all druggists.

Dr. Fuller's Youthful Vigor Pills cure nervous debility, impotence and nocturnal emissions. \$2. By mail, Depot 428 Canal street, New York.

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The red turban and hawk ladies are wearing in the country this season must strike the average cow with surprise.

English Female Bitters is intended for young girls as well as married ladies, who have by some exposure become irregular, pale and feeble, with headache, leucorrhoea, pain in side and back, falling of womb, or female weakness or excesses. Its use strengthens and tones the stomach, invigorates the nerves, gives iron to blood, corrects irregular uterine action and removes unnatural obstructions.

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Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup

Cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Skin and Blood. Millions testify to its efficacy in healing the above named diseases, and pronounce it to be the BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN.

Guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia.

AGENTS WANTED.

Laboratory 77 West 3d St., New York City. Druggists sell it.

DR. CLARK JOHNSON'S INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP is a fair trial for Liver Complaint, and all other ailments of the blood.

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SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.

HOW TO TELL

Genuine Simmons Liver Regulator, or Medicine.

Look for clean, neat wrapper with the red, symbolic letter stamped upon it in the form of a ribbon gracefully curved into the letter Z embracing the emblem of our trade, Spatula, Mortar and Grindstone with the words A. Q. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR OR MEDICINE thereon, also observe the signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO. in red ink on the wrapper.

BEWARE OF THOSE WHO KNOW NOTHING OF MEDICAL COMPOUNDS WHO PUT OUT NOISES KNOWN TO SOME, AND BELIEVED AND NOT PROVED WORTHLESS AND ONLY MADE TO DECEIVE THE PUBLIC, AND TO PRATE ON THE WELL-EARNED REPUTATION OF ZEILIN & CO'S MEDICINE. THESE FRAUDS HAVE NO REPUTATION TO SUSTAIN AND WILL CHASE YOU FOR A FEW PENNY EVERY DAY THEY CAN.

Look carefully to the medicine you are induced to take, for much suffering, permanent injury, and even death has resulted from improper treatment, and from taking unskillfully prepared medicine.

DR. SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR, Manufactured only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO. Sold by all respectable Druggists.

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EMORY COLLEGE, ORGANIZED IN 1837.

WITH A FACULTY OF FOURTEEN MEN ACTIVELY ENGAGED, Emory College is prepared to do thorough work, and is doing it. No extras for French or German or Hebrew. Oxford is on a granite ridge, 800 feet above the sea, and is as healthful as any place can be in this country. Ex-scholars small compared with first-grade colleges. For special information write to the president.

ATTENTION, HAYGOOD, Emory College, Oxford, Ga.

aug. 15-1m

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THE CONSTITUTION,

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at \$1 per month \$5 for three months, or \$10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leaving out of Atlanta, and at newsstands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to
THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., AUGUST 31, 1882.

PUBLISHERS' NOTICE.

The Trade of Atlanta.

The CONSTITUTION'S annual review of the trade of Atlanta will be published on Friday, September 15. Every feature of the city's activity will be fully and accurately described—its trade, wholesale and retail, and its varied manufactures to receive particular attention. The railroad development will be explained, and all the changes it has wrought, especially in real estate values. Atlanta has never known a more prosperous year than the one now drawing to a close, and her prospects were never brighter than they are to-day. All these things will be fully set forth in our annual review. We expect to make it an interesting and valuable that no one interested in the prosperity of the city can afford to do without it. An immense edition will be printed, although the review will fill at least twenty-four pages of the regular size of THE CONSTITUTION. Orders for space in this great issue, or for extra copies, should be handed in, the sooner the better both for us and our patrons. Early orders will be carefully attended to. Address,

THE CONSTITUTION.

The signal service bureau report indicates for South Atlantic and Gulf states to-day, local rains, easterly to southerly winds; slight rise in temperature in the northern portions; stationary or slight fall in barometer.

MAJOR TEMPLE gives a report of Georgia Pacific progress which is gratifying and inspiring. The road is in splendid shape, and rarely has one been pushed forward so rapidly and so successfully.

FOUR cases of burglary within twenty-four hours is a large number to be reported in a town of Atlanta's size. The crime has not been infrequent of late, and its frequency calls for a greater vigilance and activity on the part of the police.

HALF a dozen more counties have been heard from and each of them report an increase in value and greater improvement in property than for some years past. The signs of the times all point to prosperity ahead for the empire state of the south—a prosperity founded not on speculation, but on industry.

INDIANS are again on the war-path. They have been restless for some time in different parts of the Indian country. The Sioux and the Apaches, the two most hostile tribes, have of late displayed greater animosity than usual and have made complaints of the way in which they have been treated, which have at last culminated in the Calapapas massacre.

INDIANA'S Tall Sycamore has sighed forth a speech on the political situation in his own state which will bear reading. It is a cooler, calmer and more reasonable production than Mr. Voorhees generally is credited with. What he says on the tariff repeats with explanation what he said in his so-called "southern" speech. As he puts it he is not for a tariff for revenue "only" or a tariff for revenue "with incidental protection," but he is for a tariff for revenue "with protection to the extent of that revenue."

OPENING THE CAMPAIGN.

To-night Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, the democratic candidate for Governor of Georgia, will make the opening speech of his canvass in the opera house. The old commoner was never in finer trim for making such a canvass as will be necessary. His health is as good as it has been for years, and he is now at his fighting weight. His voice still retains its wonderful power, and is responsive to the remarkable intellect which still blazes and burns in the frail body. It is not necessary to extend an invitation to the public. Mr. Stephens is a man of the people, and the announcement that he will speak is sufficient. The opera house will be full to overflowing, and those who go will hear an address that they will long remember.

Whatever opposition may have manifested itself to Mr. Stephens among democrats will melt away before his eloquence. He will make a stirring appeal for party harmony and in favor of sustaining the organization, and whatever doubt may have been thrown upon his position by the untimely prejudices of a few men will be cleared away. The doors of the opera house will be open at 7 o'clock.

THE COURT JOURNAL BUSINESS.

President Arthur's tour, which began under the auspices of a new flag designed by the flexible mind of Billy Chandler, who was recently appointed to take care of Robeson's interests in the navy department, has turned out quite a success—thanks to the metropolitan journals and the associated press. It will be remembered that our able executive—selected by Grant in a moment of frenzy—galloped down to the Potomac flats in his four-in-hand smash-wagon (protected from the weather by a gauzy coat-of-arms), and embarked under the Bill Chandler flag amid the huzzas of eleven department scrub women. There has been no such excitement in the capital since the prohibition member from Vermont unbuckled his suspenders and danced the can-can up and down the avenues. But the huzzas of the hostlers and the jubilant shrieks of the scrub women

couldn't prevent the vessel (supposed to be owned by the North American people, but really owned by the republican party) from sailing. And sail it did, the able president smiling through his side-whiskers, and his son, beautifully caressing a thoroughly tamed poodle.

When the republican vessel reached the democratic docks in New York city five thin-legged reporters, with their collars standing higher than their little hats and their ears hanging over their collars, stood ready to receive the imperial party. These reporters were scions of New York society and had been selected with an eye to their abilities as snobs and flunkies. They attached themselves to "his excellency's" train the moment he landed, and from that day to this, our esteemed metropolitan contemporaries have been full of the details of our gifted president's movements—so full, indeed, that they have sprung a leak, and the wastage is caught in the baskets of the associated press.

Take this as an example: "His excellency rose promptly yesterday morning, and after squeezing a pimple on his nose, vigorously rubbed the back of his neck with an imported crash towel trimmed with genuine Turkish maul-mouff. Shortly afterwards he accidentally trod on the tail of the presidential poodle, but jumped into the air with a light heart and a firm countenance. He then dispatched a brief punch, bowed to himself in the looking-glass, shook his finger pleasantly at the chambermaid, and went boldly down stairs chasing a malarious toothpick." As a picture of high-life in New York, this sort of thing is undoubtedly very fine; indeed, it is worthy of preservation; but the real interest in the matter is in the position of the newspaper snob who makes the detailed reports of which the foregoing is a tolerably fair specimen. Was he under the bed? Was he hid in a closet, or did he gain his information by peering through the key-hole?

It is "his excellency" this, "his excellency" that, and "his excellency" the other. He is followed to Newport, and after he gets there he is followed from the hotel to the casino; and he is never safe until he is well in bed with a bag of ice tied to the bulge of his eyebrows. But what does a rest of four hours amount to? "His excellency" goes to bed at four o'clock in the morning and rises at eight, and when he pulls the counterpane off his ears, behold, the newspaper snobs are astraddle of the Queen Anne foot-board. Then the nimble pencils begin to fly over the pads, the telegraph operators arouse themselves, and the inhabitants of the metropolis proceed to arrange themselves in tiers around the bulletin boards. All day long the movements of "his excellency" are scrupulously recorded. Does he go to breakfast? The bill of fare is telegraphed. Does he sneeze? The fact is flashed to the bulletin boards. Does he witness the imbecility of polo? Then we are told that "his excellency" seemed to enjoy the game, sniffling and winking freely at "Mrs. Colonel Beansnatcher, representing a fine old Snickerbocker family." And so on until the stomach sickens. If all metropolitan papers are to be court-journals, so be it, but the associated press should protect the provincial journals.

THE TROUBLE IN THESSALY.

Turkey is besieged on all hands. Russia is at work again both in Armenia and in Roumania, laying the foundation in intrigues for a new war and new conquests. Austria has her eyes fixed on an outlet at Salonica, which Bismarck has promised to secure for her, as the story goes. England is hammering away at Egypt, which nominally at least is a Turkish province, and France has seized Tunis, and is ready to do similar work in Tripoli. And now comes little Greece and makes war in Thessaly over a disputed boundary of the slice of territory awarded to her after the Russo-Turkish treaty. It will be remembered that Greece was kept out of the Russo-Turkish war by Russia or by the other parties, and when the powers met at Berlin she was awarded nothing. Turkey was simply advised to give her a slice of territory in Thessaly and the Epirus. Turkey did not heed this advice, but after much delay and negotiation and pressure, the porte did consent to give Greece a slice of territory, but the territory was so selected that it did not include any considerable city—neither Larissa, nor Janina, nor a city on the Adriatic coast. After the territory was agreed upon an international commission was selected to define the new boundary, and its work was not only slowly done, but it now seems that it was so imperfectly done as to admit of a boundary dispute and a resort to arms. The territory in dispute is near Carolik Dervend in Thessaly. We do not know how far apart the parties are. It is sufficient to know that Greece is ready on any pretext to attack Turkey, and that she does not propose to be a laggard when another opportunity comes to apportion the effects of the Sick Man in Europe. She may be guilty of previousness just now, but she knows, as does all the rest of the civilized world, that the time is not distant when Turkey in Europe must go to pieces. Greece proposes to be on hand when the next division takes place. If Greece can secure the islands peopled by Greeks, and the contiguous territory in which the Grecian tongue is predominant, the glory of her name may yet be perpetuated in a power of no inconsiderable strength. And in an age when people of similar language and traditions are coming together, why should there not be an united Greece as well as united Italy or a new Germany? Greece may be small and inconsequential, but that is all the more reason why Grecian ambition should have a chance. It is after all the true way to bring out all there is in a people. In a new Greece all that is noble and elevating in the modern son of Athens would come out, whereas apportioned as the Greeks have been to foreign taskmasters the spirit that achieved greatness in the old days has almost wholly disappeared. It may be revived in a new Greece at least enough to give the country a respectable position in a new Europe. The trouble in Thessaly is interesting therefore because it evinces the desire of the Greeks for a new and larger and better Greece.

The malcontents who are working to destroy the democratic organization prate sonorously of their democracy. This was the leading card of the independence before the coalition with republicans, and some are even playing it now. It would seem from this that the only genuine democrats in Georgia are

those who are endeavoring to demoralize and destroy the party.

The anti-Stephens democrats are not without originality. When we see it coolly charged that the great commoner was a know-nothing, we know very well that an imagination as big and as vivid as a dime novel has taken hold of affairs. The anti-Stephens men will probably make a good deal of capital out of this charge—for Mr. Stephens.

The Turk and the man who steps on a banana skin have much in common. For instance, they both sit down without calling for a chair. The motions of the Turk, however, lack energy and enterprise as compared with those of the man who uses the banana skin.

It is thought that a distinguished sorehead organ is about to collate all its anti-Stephens paragraphs under the head of "Scabs," so that independent and republicans will now know just where to look for ammunition.

DR. BLISS is clamoring for \$25,000 for attending President Garfield. If the doctor could be induced to prescribe for the whole republican party, there would probably be no objection to voting him a snug sum.

It is rumored that some of the soreheads think of inviting Mr. Stephens to retire from the race. After they will probably apply for letters of dismissal from the guardianship of the democratic party.

It is probable that while Mr. Stephens is in town he will have some work done on the front yard of the executive mansion. He is mighty particular about such things.

The intention of Colonel Thornton's liberal party is not a full tick shows that the infant organization is not without ambition.

It is hardly probable that the sudden reassembling of the liberal convention will create a corner in the beef market.

EDITOR WATKINSON, of Louisville, Kentucky, etc., has gone to Boston to scratch his back against Bunker Hill monument.

The campaign now opens. The old commoner will shed light on the situation at the opera house to-night.

The British soldiers in Egypt are drinking canal water. What do the Kentucky editors think of that?

A SCIENTIST has discovered that society editors are subject to neuralgia in the left leg. This is very queer.

The principal product of the Egyptian war thus far appears to be dead mules and fleeing Arabs.

MR. STEPHENS will be heard from at the opera house to-night.

MR. STEPHENS will now speak for himself.

STATE POLITICS.

It is now thought that Allen D. Chandler will come to the Air-Line with 3,500 majority.

The Winston Herald says Morgan S. Brown, of Suwanee, has legislative aspirations.

Prohibition candidates for the legislature have been nominated in about twenty counties.

The Covington star is opposed to a nomination for representative. The convention meets next Tuesday.

"Man," says the Savannah Herald, "that is wedded to the sorehead movement in Georgia is of few days and full of trouble."

J. W. Robins, of Talbotton, is looked to represent Talbot in the next legislature. He beat his opponent, John Fye, 244 votes.

Epps Blanton, whose color is black and warranted to wash, proposes to be the republican standard-bearer without price. The only ground for finding him on scarcely remember a year or two remarkable for health, when the seasons were better or the weather more propitious, is that he is a man of greater than the present. Then let them all join in thanking and praising on Thursday, 31st instant.

The next senatorial convention of the Rockdale district will meet at Social Circle on the 7th of September to nominate a man in the place of Pope Barrow, declined. J. A. Stewart is an independent candidate, and the Social Circle convention will doubtless nominate a good man.

John W. Akin, of Cartersville, was in the city yesterday attending the meeting of the state executive committee. Mr. Akin is the youngest member of the committee, as well as one of the ablest. His appointment to a place on it is a well merited compliment to a young man whose voice is already a power among his people and in his section.

Thomas Crymes, who is the leading greenbacker of the ninth district, says that a meeting will soon be held to put up a "well-known gentleman of Jackson county" as the candidate of the greenbackers for congress. It is claimed that he will poll at least 1,500 votes. The proposed nominee is said to be a strong man of irreproachable character.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

JUDGE T. G. HOLY, of Macon, is at the Markham.

HON. JOHN I. HALL, of Griffin, is at the Markham.

MR. ALMA TADENA received \$15,000 for his picture of "Sappho."

H. H. CARLTON and G. H. YANCEY, of Athens, are stopping at the Markham.

CAPTAIN JOHN TRIPLETT, of the Times, Thomasville, is registered at the Kimball.

MAJOR J. W. JOHNSON, vice-president of the Georgia Pacific railroad, is at the Kimball.

THOMAS A. EDISON has had three hundred and ninety-six patents issued to him.

ADMIRAL SEYMOUR is to have a baronetcy for his well-directed bombardment of Alexandria.

The strongest indictment that can be brought against the Keely motor is that it does not move.

SENATOR JOHN W. JOHNSON will reside in Richmond and practice law at the expiration of his senatorial term.

Old maid's complaint of Elizabeth Stuart Phelps that her stories always end with her and heroine happily married.

MINNESOTA has magnificent crops this year. Secretary Sherman having arranged things when he visited that state two years ago.

CHARLES MALLORY died at Mystic, Conn., on Friday. He was the owner of a line of Texas steamers and leaves \$1,000,000 to five sons.

"SILVER DICK" BLAND is coming back to Congress from Missouri. His new district is the eleventh and as yet he has no opposition.

The divided skirt introduced into London by Lady Habberton is worn in the mountain regions by the most fearless lady members.

HERBERT SPENCER is nearly sixty and wears a fringe of dark hair and whiskers streaked with gray. His nose and mouth are prominent, forehead high, and his eyes bright.

CONGRESSMAN HAZELTON has a formidable rival for the republican nomination to congress in the third Wisconsin district in the Hon. E. W. Keyes, who for years was known as Bow Keyes.

MAJOR HENRY FRYE, vice-president and general manager of the East Tennessee and Georgia railroad, and Major John O'Brien, general superintendent of the same road, are at the Kimball.

WREXHAM, where Elihu Yale is buried, is about to build a large lager beer brewery—the first in England. Elihu Yale was the early patron of Yale college, which perpetuates his name in America.

CARDINAL HOWARD has arrived in England from Rome and will remain for a visit of some weeks. Cardinal Howard is now Archbishop of St. Peter's Basilica in the Eternal city, and when he leaves England it will be to resume the duties of that office.

LORD and Lady Donoughmore have abandoned their fine old estate of Knockilly, near Clonmel, county Tipperary, which has been the family

home for more than a century, and will spend the summer and autumn at Cowes, and in the winter to reside at Cannes.

JAMES HILTON, while proposing to convert into an office building that landmark of Broadway, the Stewart store, at the corner of Chambers street, New York, really desires to sell for \$2,500,000, and has been offered \$2,000,000. Mr. Potter will not rebuild on the old World site, but offers the property for \$800,000.

The trustees of the South Carolina college will, it is said, request Senator Hampton to take the presidency of that institution. Colonel John C. Haskell, Hampton's son-in-law, says that the request will in no event be complied with, for Hampton has no idea of relinquishing a seat in the United States senate to take such a position.

W. H. VANDERBILT proposes to build a mammoth hotel, similar to the Charing Cross in London, on the southwest corner of Park avenue and Forty-second street. He has sold a three-story brick house at No. 5 Bowling Green for \$10,000. The same property was sold at auction in 1871 for \$24,570. It yields now an annual rental for business purposes of \$2,000.

Governor LONG, it is announced, will reply favorably to the communication of the republicans in the second district asking him to allow the use of his name as a candidate for the party's nomination to congress. This will settle one point, at least, in the Massachusetts political problem, and as the district has a large republican majority, the governor's future is fixed probably for two years to come.

The Hon. Thomas M. Waller, who is spoken of as a candidate for the democratic nomination for governor of Connecticut, thinks that that state is democratic when the full party vote is polled, and the way to politics to make a judicious nomination. He says little about his own candidacy, but enough to make it evident that he will not refuse if called to lead the state ticket.

EX-LIEUTENANT FLIPPER, the colored officer of the United States army who was recently court-martialed and dismissed the service, has been appointed a captain in the Mexican army. Flipper was killed in action and appointed to West Point in 1874 by Gen. H. H. Freeman. He graduated in June 1877, and was commissioned a second lieutenant in the 24th infantry regiment.

The office of Deputy Great Chamberlain and Gentleman Usher, of the Black Rod, the intermediate between crown and parliament) is held by Sir William Knollys, who just before the rising of the two houses ran the risk of a street accident, but now he is safe and sound. He would not stop for a moment, but he was a young man of twenty when the battle of Waterloo was fought. He was not present at that campaign, but served with the Scots guards in the peninsula, 1813-14. He has been a full general in the army since 1865, and colonel of the 14th second regiment since 1875, and is in the privy council. His son is private secretary to the prince of Wales and his daughter is a member of the household staff of the princess.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Rough on Cocktails.

The sanguine press of Kansas are predicting a majority of 10,000 for the republican ticket headed by St. John—on Rough on Cocktails.

It wasn't old enough for him.

Has there been any lack of hair or other tender mementos kept of the anti-bourbon movement that died so young in Georgia? The gods loved it.

The Constitution Abroad.

Robert A. Hemphill, one of the proprietors of the ATLANTA (GA.) CONSTITUTION, the leading paper in that state, and one of the most progressive in the whole south, spent yesterday in this city.

Thanksgiving in Georgia.

On Thursday—the day after to-morrow—the people of Georgia are invited by Governor Colquitt to unite in thanksgiving to the Author of all good, for health and prosperity in an unusual degree. The people of the state should, without respect to color, comply with the governor's suggestion and join in this offering of thanks for blessings that have been showered on them without number and without price. The only ground for finding him on scarcely remember a year or two remarkable for health, when the seasons were better or the weather more propitious, is that he is a man of greater than the present. Then let them all join in thanking and praising on Thursday, 31st instant.

If He Had.

If General Gartrell had the necessary qualifications to recommend him for the place, his friends might find this as something upon which to argue the necessity of his election, but he does not possess them. In personal qualifications he does not differ from a hundred men that the name of the readily recalled. His public experience has been limited, nor has it been distinguished by any guiding principle. He comes only in the capacity of a self-constituted candidate, and has been picked up by every faction which has sprung into existence for the purpose of defeating the democratic party. Under these circumstances how can he obtain the support of any democratic voter is one of the unexplained mysteries in politics. We can see why the republicans naturally take to him, as he is one of their kind and they recognize the value of electing a man who will be of the most interest to their party. It is natural for them to seek to make inroad into the democratic party, and as Gartrell is the most available man they can find for the business, he will receive their cordial support.

THE HILL MONUMENT.

The directors of the Ben Hill monument association met last night at the Young Men's library. There was a full attendance, and a deep interest in the work was shown. Dr. Spaulding presided. After discussion it was determined to open subscription lists and receive contributions in the following places, commencing at 12 o'clock to-day: At THE CONSTITUTION office; the Young Men's library; the Kimball house, and the Markham house. The following committee was appointed to organize associations in the different cities and towns of the state: Dr. R. D. Spaulding, Judge James Jackson, General Evans, Mr. Hoke Smith and Mr. J. G. Zachary. The board adjourned to meet at the library at 8 o'clock Saturday evening.

DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

At a meeting of the Democratic State Executive committee, held in the senate chamber on Wednesday, August 30th, the following members were present:

Henry Jackson, of Fulton.
Henry H. Carlton, of Clarke.
P. M. H. Hopkins, of Thomas, by T. M. Ellis.
P. M. B. Young, of Bartow.
E. F. Lawson, of Burke, by L. N. Trammell.
J. H. Evans, of Graham, by L. W. Avery.
W. L. Willis, of Macon.
D. M. Roberts, of Dodge, by C. C. Kibbee.
Henry R. Harris, of Meriwether, by R. A. Bacon.
John I. Hall, of Spalding.
W. D. Nottingham, of Houston, by H. Smith.
Washington Dessau, of Bibb.
J. W. Akin, of Bartow.

Mr. Peoples, of Winnett.

The meeting was called to order, and the Hon. Henry Jackson put in nomination for permanent chairman and unanimously elected. Mr. R. A. Bacon was then elected permanent secretary. The chairman announced that the meeting was called for the purpose of organization and preparing for the ensuing campaign, and that he would be glad to hear from the different members as to their views.

Each member gave his opinion and all advised an active campaign. General Young then offered the following: "Resolved, that this committee at once inaugurate measures to begin an active and vigorous campaign," which resolution was unanimously adopted.

It was then resolved that the committee immediately upon adjournment call in a body upon the members of the legislature, and the names of the democratic party for governor of Georgia. The committee adjourned to meet at 10 o'clock a. m., Thursday August 30th.

HENRY JACKSON, Chairman.

R. A. BACON, Secretary.

JUDGE WILLIAM SCHLEY.

Judge William Schley, who recently so suddenly died at Saratoga, was a native Georgian and a true type of the southern gentleman. When he left his native state some ten years ago, he resigned the position of the Eastern circuit. He was noted for the sweetness of his disposition and the gentleness of his manners. His countenance ever beamed with cheerfulness, and the very tones of his voice expressed his affectionate nature. The fair complexion and brilliant expression of his youthful face, in contrast with his silvery hair and beard, gave him so distinguished an appearance as to attract attention and win admiration. He was the

idol of his friends, and his enemies are yet to be discovered. He was one of the many sons of Judge John Schley, of the Middle circuit of Georgia, and a nephew of ex-Governor William Schley, both long since deceased. His death, especially in its suddenness, reminds us that he is the fourth of the brothers, who have met with sudden death at the same age and of the same disease.

First, the oldest brother George Schley; then the next, John S. Schley, of Savannah, a few years after when he had arrived at the age of George; then Dr. Menforth Schley, of the same city, when he had completed a similar number of years, and now the youngest of the four, William, who must have been of the age or very near the age of his brother George, has thus similarly fatality at the same age in a family of brothers it is hard to find a precedent.

PIZZARRO MCGINNESS.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"Stop that horse car!" It was a balmy afternoon in August, and all the world seemed wrapped in a mantle of love. The wind was stinging through lawn and garden in a drowsy fashion, and the flowers that lined the graveled walks of Castelforte Castle seemed to be beckoning with loving hands to the lady Esmeralda as she sat in graceful pose on a velvet-covered fauteuil and gazed in a languid, dreamy no-washing-to-be-done-for-three-days manner upon the pageant of nature that was passing before her eyes.

But when the voice of one she knew, one she had loved with a deathless tenderness in the halcyon days gone by, came floating to her on the scented breath of the morning, a thrill passed through her, and the eyes erstwhile so listless, gleamed with the baleful fires of revenge. Looking eagerly across the croquetground she saw Pizarro McGinness, the man who had scorned her love, coming across the lawn, while far in advance, and now almost opposite Castelforte, was a horse car. The girl smiled grimly to herself.

"Stop that car," she shouted Pizarro again.

The smile faded from the pretty face now, but no look of pity took its place.

"Divil a stop will he get from me," she murmured and went into the house.

In a few moments there was a rap at the door. Esmeralda answered it, and found Pizarro there. "You have blighted my life, false woman," he said. "I had a job way out on Blue Island avenue, and now I shall lose it because you would not stop the car."

"Do you mean this?" asked the girl, kicking the dog off the front steps as she spoke.

"Yes," replied the man, "you have utterly blasted all my prospects."

"Then," said Esmeralda, a look of holy calm and peaceful joy stealing over her face, "the Mulcaheys are avenged."

RED NOSES.

From the Philadelphia Press.

At only two short seasons of the year do red noses give proof of the affectionate touch of nature. At other times they are to be used a paradox—unconstitutionally constitutional and simply serve as beacon lights to warn the young from the intoxicating bowl. The ruby nose of winter is, or ought to be, an ephemeral production, bearing witness of familiarity with the blasts of Boreas, but quickly yielding back its glow and returning to its pristine paleness under the influence of the sheltering sun.

The rudely nose of summer, on the other hand, is the sign and signal of health. It tells of hours of exercise in the open air, of long days spent in fishing, of tramps across unshaded mountain peaks. A sail upon the tumbling deep is sure to result in such a phenomenon. The rays of the sun falling at every angle upon the shifting mirror of the waves reflected back upon the nasal promontory, and no shade but averts to shield it. Perhaps occasionally a bath of salt water is applied. That only adds fuel to the flames. At night when the sun, the cause of the disturbance, has sunk behind the hills, the heat which has been absorbed by the skin begins to break loose, and the woe and tribulation of the glow thereof cannot be estimated in degrees of the thermometer. There are remedies proposed: Sweet cream, sour cream, cold cream, lead, with hazel nut, cold powder, flour, hot water, cold water, nardolac, glycerine, cosmeticine, and everyone can add a new species. Men have been known, in their extremity, to apply a dozen remedies at once, but the disease, or rather nose, is not a very serious one. In the end the individuals are useful as candles at night, the nose lighting them to bed.

It is the phosphorescent gleam of the traditional dying dolphin exhibits greater change of color than such a member affords for the amusement of a student and an assistant. The color is a rich brown, having first like the frog and snake, shed its coat. At every seaside resort this annual metamorphosis is taking place, and it is not without the noble romance of the male sex which is transformed. The delicate female proclaims "tipped with the petals of a flower" takes on all the hues of the rose in spite of parasol and festive shade hat. For the consolation of those fair ones whose heads begin to peel, let it be said that the special province of belles, whether they be brazen or golden.

THE SITUATION IN COTTON.

Rigolo in the New York Sun.

The bears in cotton have been much worried by the demand for spot cotton, and several of them have had recourse to what many members of the cotton exchange consider a very shrewd trick. They engaged nearly all the licensed spinners and weavers for the last day of August, thus hindering the holders of expiring options from receiving their cotton on that day, and consequently, making them default upon their contracts. A remedy, however, was found by the bulls, who have been waiting to have the cotton delivered to them. A petition was signed by many members of the exchange, and that body, in compliance with the petition, licensed several new spinners.

Yet the bears have so far succeeded as to tire out some of the strongest bulls, who sold out just as their opponents began to understand that the calculations upon which the heavy purchases had been made a few months ago were correct. The heavy demand for American spinners continues on a large scale, and southern exporters were timid about selling early options to Europe, where there is a good demand at prices which will not permit any cotton to come to this market. The market is largely oversold for September delivery, and this alone makes an advance inevitable. The weather has been so good that the plant to grow in the stalk, instead of advancing the maturity of the fruit, has been so good that the plant to grow in the stalk, instead of advancing the maturity of the fruit, has been so good that the plant to grow in the stalk, instead of advancing the

JAY HUBBELL'S LOOTERS.

A MASTERLY SPEECH BY SENATOR DAN VORHEES.

He Opens the Campaign in Indiana By a Bold Attack on the Plans of Republican Campaigning—The Tariff as it Should Be—Prohibition a Mark of Enslavement.

Special Dispatch to the Louisville Commercial.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., August 28.—The democrats opened the campaign here to-night by a key-note speech by Senator Voorhees. The speech occupied an hour and a half in delivery, and was warmly received, especially his anti-prohibition and protective views. In opening Senator Voorhees said: After a long and laborious session of congress I rejoice that I am again in the midst of this generous people. You have not very strictly regarded party lines in your bearing towards me, and I shall endeavor to repay your kindness to-night by a candid discussion of a few propositions, with a perfect respect for the opinions and positions of all who may not agree with me. It is my thought to be somewhat early to commence a canvass at this time, I hope it will be remembered that the republican leaders are already in the field. Jay Hubbell and his gang of organized looters believe that the perfecting of an assessment by putting people in office, and then putting the thumb-screws on them; by levying a per cent of their wages with which to corrupt and carry elections, by blackballing, under fear of losing their places, for that is what it is to a hundred thousand office-holders, high and low, from the cabinet to a side-water, rich and poor, old and young, male and female, white and black, I have seen in operation. Not ten days before I left Washington a poor man, with a family, on twelve hundred dollars a year came to his senator to borrow twelve dollars with which to pay his assessment, in mortal dread of losing his place if he did not raise the money. Therefore, while the republican leaders are writing civil service reform resolutions with one hand, and plotting corruption with the other, it is incumbent on the democratic party to move at once into the contest, in the old way, appealing to the reason and judgment of the people.

The senator here turned his attention to the tariff. He said that because the present tariff was in many respects unjust, unequal and oppressive, it seemed that certain minds had jumped to the conclusion that we must have no tariff at all; and we must at once embrace the absolute impossibility in our affairs known as free trade. The present tariff calls for revision, and has been calling several years.

Now and then hear it stated that the democratic party is, or has been, or soon will be, a free trade party. As General Hancock said, only too late in the campaign of 1880, all such talk is folly. The position I hold on this subject is sustained by every democratic president ever elected, beginning with Thomas Jefferson, and ending with James Buchanan, every one of whom also, carried the great manufacturing states of the north, and could stand here and read to you by the hour an unbroken chain of democratic authority, from the very beginning of the present century until the late presidential canvass, showing that the

positions of the democratic party has always been in favor of a tariff for revenue, with protection to our home industries to the extent of that revenue. On the floor of the senate I said: "The tariff is a method of taxation; it is its origin in the power of the government to raise money for the public service, but like every other system of taxes ever shown in history, its resulting consequences reach far and wide among the people; it touches, takes hold upon, and encourages or depresses their diversified interests; and this great consequent fact, this vast incident, as it may be called, can no more be evaded, ignored or pretended in legislating for the general good of the country than the primary fact of revenue itself." Again I said, and I repeat it here:

"I speak not in support of a tariff for revenue only, nor of a tariff of protection only, but in support of a tariff which collects the necessary revenue, and, at the same time, to the extent of that revenue, extends protection with discriminating justice to American manufacturers."

As to the subject of prohibition within itself, whether it is wise or unwise, whether it falls within the true powers of government in its dealings with its citizens, whether it should stand here and read to you by the hour or the reverse, are matters on which there are wide and honest differences of opinion. In making laws to govern the people it is the part of wisdom to recognize human nature. The tariff is a method of taxation, and in all ages, rather than to erect a different standard from that created by the Almighty. As far as my reading extends, I find that every people on the globe have been determined to have drink and wine, and that they would eat, drink and wear. These are most fundamental rights of human nature. To deny them is to place man on the level with enslaved animals, whom you feed and shelter and care for, but who, and not theirs. This is the reason why prohibition so-called never prohibits.

HILL AND YANCEY.

Dr. J. B. Hamilton Tells Over Again the Story of the Difficulty Between the Two.

Now that Ben Hill is dead, that old story that has been going the rounds since the war to the effect that he was responsible for the death of William L. Yancey, of Alabama, is revived. The story goes something like this: Hill represented Georgia in part in the confederate senate and Yancey Alabama. There was a coolness between them that broke out one day, and Hill injured his spine to such an extent that he died from the effects of the hurt.

A critic representative met Dr. James B. Hamilton, of Georgia, who was a surgeon in the confederate army from the beginning to the end, this morning. He was a warm personal and intimate friend of Mr. Hill's, and thoroughly acquainted with all the facts connected with the trouble between Messrs. Hill and Yancey. The Dr. asked him if he would be kind enough to give to the critic, for the benefit of the public, his version of the difficulty. He said he would, and proceeded without preface to give the following history of the case.

"The trouble between Mr. Hill and Mr. Yancey," he said, "grew out of politics, and dated back to 1850. It came about in this way: When Mr. Toombs, of Georgia, was in congress, he made a very strong speech against the compromise measure as proposed by Mr. Clay. This was, I believe, in the thirty-first congress. It is generally known as the compromise of 1850. When congress adjourned, Mr. Toombs, for some reason or other, in the campaign for governor in Georgia, put it incumbent upon himself to change his views and made a very powerful speech in favor of the very measure he had so earnestly opposed in congress. Mr. Hill replied to Mr. Toombs, and so hard on the compromise, that Mr. Toombs came to the assistance of Mr. Toombs. Mr. Hill then proceeded in another speech to show up the inconsistency of both Mr. Toombs and Mr. Stephens. Mr. Stephens took offense to what Mr. Hill said, and sent him a challenge to mortal combat. The challenge was borne by Judge Thomas W. Thomas. Mr. Hill informed Mr. Thomas, who was a more powerful man, physically than Mr. Hill, that he could not accept a challenge from Mr. Stephens; that Mr. Stephens was an invalid. Whereupon Mr. Thomas suggested to Mr. Hill that he (Thomas) was not an invalid, and he could fight him. This Mr. Hill declined to do, assuming as a reason that he was a class leader in the Methodist church. That ended that difficulty. When Mr. Hill was sent to the confederate senate, he was very much op-

posed to the war. Yancey was a fire-eater and a great later of President Jeff Davis. Mr. Hill assumed the 'championship' of Mr. Davis in the senate; took sides with and defended him in every thing he said and did. This so exasperated Yancey that one day in the senate, after Mr. Hill had concluded a speech in defense of Mr. Davis, he rose in his place and in that style of his, which was simply inimitable, proceeded to charge Mr. Hill with inconsistency and a want of ardor for the cause of the south. He brought up Mr. Hill's past record, as finally referred to Stephens difficulty, and intimated that Hill was a coward." When he did that Mr. Hill picked up an inkstand and threw it at Yancey, just grazing his cheekbone. Yancey, in dodging, tripped and fell backward over his desk, thereby hurting himself slightly. That was all there was of it.

"Then Mr. Hill did not, as is generally believed, by physical force throw Mr. Yancey across a desk, thus producing sound spinal injury as to eventually cause his death." "He did not. He was not within ten feet of Mr. Yancey."

"Then the seemingly premature death of Mr. Yancey was not in any sense caused or brought about by Mr. Hill?"

"It was not. Mr. Yancey died of Bright's disease of the kidneys. This you can state as a fact as true as holy writ."

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS.

The Indiana Statesman Talks on Political Prospects of Both Parties.

MILWAUKEE, August 30.—A reporter of the Republican Sentinel had an interview with ex-Governor T. A. Hendricks at Waukesha, in which the former presidential candidate in answer to the question said:

"Who will be the democratic nominee for the presidency?"

"I don't know. I haven't given the subject much attention."

"Is Tilden in the field for the nomination?"

"On that point I cannot say. I have not heard from him on the subject lately."

"There is no chance for Blaine in either party, do you think?"

"None whatever."

"Who will be the republicans nominate?"

"I have not the least idea. The party is in a peculiar way just at this time. The stalwarts and the half-breeds and the half-breeds hate the stalwarts more bitterly than they hate us democrats. Arthur is using the patronage of the government to foster the interests of the administration of some kind, and strength, while Blaine, Curtis and others of the other faction carry a large influence and will make a stubborn fight. This will result, no doubt, in the patching up of a compromise, or the nomination of some unknown or little known candidate—one who has no record one way or the other."

"Is there any prospect that the democrats will try Hancock again?"

"They may possibly; but I don't think it very probable. The fact of the matter is the parties have not yet begun to look about for candidates. Of course there are many prominent men in both the republican and democratic parties who hope to become the nominees, but as yet none of them have developed sufficient strength to warrant any prediction as to who will be the successful man."

"Conkling is a dead duck, so far as the presidency is concerned?"

"He is not a dead duck by any means. He is a man of too much intellect to ever be a dead duck. He will always wield a tremendous influence in American politics. As far as the presidency is concerned, he never laid any claim of receiving it, it is not his place for him. Men of his calibre can do more in the senate than in the white house."

"Retired from the world."

A Class of Fifty Young Milwaukee Ladies Take the Black Veil.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., August 30.—A class of fifty young ladies from Missouri, Minnesota, Illinois, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania and several other western states, the black veils, at the convent of Notre Dame today. The ceremony began with a high mass, at which Archbishop Heiss, assisted by Rev. Father Abbelen, chaplain of the convent, officiated. After mass, the postulants listened to an impressive sermon in English by the Rev. Professor Isadore Bondeux, of Marquette college, which was followed by an address in German by Rev. Dr. Otto Loewen, S. J. After the sermon the young ladies marched to the altar to see the blessing of the black habits, which they will don after taking the vows of the veil. The blessing was given in the solemn manner which is especially characteristic of Catholic exercises. After this the postulants marched past Mother Superior Caroline and received the habit, which they put on. They were then crowned with crowns of thorns and carried in a procession to the altar, where they stepped slowly to the altar, bowed low and took the terrible and binding obligations. After the Te Deum by the nun's choir the company separated. The parents of many of the young ladies were present, and they were the union to bid a last long farewell to their daughters. The names of the young ladies will never be made known to the public. To each other and their relatives they were known by the names taken to-day when the black garments were donned. The ceremonies took place in the private chapel of the convent and only the priests, nuns, and the convent's relatives of the young ladies were admitted.

Blaine On the Stump.

Special dispatch to the Philadelphia Times.

PORTLAND, August 30.—Ex-Secretary Blaine had a most enthusiastic reception in this city to-night. He spoke to an audience of thirty-five hundred people and has apparently lost none of his old time vigor. The campaign has been in earnest and the republicans have brought men from outside the state to help along their cause. The principle upon which the democrats go is that the issues at stake are purely local. Governor Plaisted and other fusionists are telling this to the people all over the state. Mr. Blaine was the first of the campaign in earnest, now that he has broken the ice, and this, his first speech, was looked for with considerable interest.

One Hundred Lashes Each.

LITTLE ROCK, August 28.—Thirteen Indians engaged in the recent rebellion in the Creek nation were captured, tried and found guilty, and were publicly whipped at Cane Creek, Muskogee district, Creek nation, each man receiving one hundred lashes on the bare back. The sentence and punishment caused some excitement, but no attempt was made to rescue the prisoners, and each received the lash with sullen and stoical indifference. Their backs were cut and bruised in a shocking manner.

Falling Fifty Feet.

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., August 30.—John Ransom, a twelve year old son of C. W. Ransom, of the West Fork neighborhood in this county, was killed in a horrible manner. He was sent to play with some other boys on the banks of West Fork creek, when they came to a precipice on the brow of a high cliff which had a granite growing upon it. Ransom climbed the lower end and proceeded to accomplish the perilous feat of swinging far out over the bank of the river. He was suddenly released, and fell head first into the water, and was killed by the shock of the fall. He was instantly killed, his arms, legs and several of his ribs were broken, and his head smashed in a horrible manner.

Nine Weeping Widows Engage in a Fight.

NEW ORLEANS, August 30.—Thomas Smith, a prominent mulatto resident of this city, who was buried to-day, had ten wives at one time. Nine of them survive him. Seven of his widows attended the funeral services and wept freely. Four of them rode to the cemetery, and after the interment returned to the late residence of the dead man, where, with the other widows, the furniture was demolished and all the women more or less injured. Smith was married by a Baptist minister every time he came to wife.

The Texas Flood.

SAN ANTONIO, August 30.—The wires are down, but private letters confirm the reports of the floods on the Concho river. Six inches of rain fell all over northwestern Texas. It is estimated that 25,000

sheep, besides cattle, horses and mules, and 65 or 75 persons were swept away. About fifty houses were blown away in Laredo, and the track of the Mexican National railroad was badly damaged on Sunday. Further destruction is feared when the waters of the Concho reach the Rio Grande. At Abilene several shepherds lost all their flocks and are almost ruined.

Junio Recognizes an Old Friend.

OSWEGO, N. Y., August 30.—During Barium's exhibition here Junio faced his eye on a lady who was pushing her way through the crowd toward him and strained at his tether, endeavoring to reach her. His keeper manifested great surprise, and asked if she had ever seen him before. She replied that she had often fed him oats and candy by the hour in the London zoological garden. The great brute's actions plainly showed that he recognized her.

Suicide in a Wash tub.

DETROIT, August 30.—Mrs. Charles Harvey, a young married woman living in the town of Thetford, Genesee county, yesterday bound her five year old child to herself, and then plunged her own head and that of the child in a wash tub filled with water. Both were drowned. It is supposed to be a case of temporary insanity.

Mysterious Assassination.

GOODMAN, Miss., August 29.—Dr. Isaac B. Clayton, who was charged with the killing of Freeman Lester in January last, but who was acquitted, was killed near here to-day. When found the body contained ten bullet wounds. The assassin is unknown.

"Tug" Going Home.

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.—The pugilist "Tug" Wilson will sail for Liverpool on the steamship Indiana from this port on Wednesday next. He forfeits his deposit in the proposed fight with El Hott.

Treated While Alive.

YOKOHAMA, August 30.—There are extraordinary reports in the Japanese newspapers respecting the cremation of corpses of poorer victims to cholera. Scores of bodies were dried before being burned, and persons still alive were thrown into the flames.

Seville's Last Luck.

CHICAGO, August 30.—William H. Harper, of Chicago, an attorney and the son-in-law of George Seville, has been arrested for horse stealing, while on his wedding trip, in the town of Lake.

Tennison and Longfellow.

LONDON, August 30.—Alfred Tennison, the poet laureate, has given his name to the scheme for the erection of a bust of Longfellow in Westminster Abbey.

Miss Parnell to Visit in America.

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.—In accordance with the wish of Charles Stewart Parnell, the remains of Miss Parnell will rest in America.

The Dying Archbishop.

LONDON, August 30.—The condition of the archbishop of Canterbury continues grave.

ANNOUNCEMENT

By the solicitation of my friends, I hereby announce myself a candidate for councilman in the first ward at the ensuing election. J. M. BORING.

We are authorized to announce Captain W. M. MIDDLEBURY as a candidate for councilman from the First Ward, at ensuing election. August 31st.

We take pleasure in announcing the name of S. W. DAY as a candidate for Councilman from the Third Ward, at the coming election. MANY CITIZENS.

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BAKING POWDERS.

THE CONTRAST.

While other Baking Powders are largely adulterated with Alum and other hurtful drugs,

DR. PRICE'S BAKING POWDER

has been kept unchanged in all its original purity and strength. The best evidence of its safety and effectiveness is the fact of its having received the highest testimonials from the most eminent chemists in the United States, who have analyzed it, from its introduction to the present time. No other powders show so good results by the true test—the TEST OF THE OVEN.

IT IS A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER

MADE BY

STEELE & PRICE,

Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.,

Manufacturers of Lippitt's Toilet Soap, Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extract, and Dr. Price's Cough Remedy.

may be sent to you by mail on receipt of 10¢

and 4¢ by express.

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HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN BROKER AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF STOCKS AND BONDS

OFFICE,
No. 10 East Alabama St.

STOCKS AND BONDS FOR SALE.

State Charter 1870.

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, GA.
CASH CAPITAL.....\$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND.....\$7,000.00
STOCKHOLDERS (with unclaimed dividends).....\$1,000,000.00
STOCKS AND BONDS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Accounts solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.
100 on good letters and No. 1 paper, always at reasonable rates.
July 28—Daily head fin col

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

STOCKS AND MONEY

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 31, 1882.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

Bid. Asked. Bid. Asked.

U. S. 4s.....102 1/2.....103 1/2.....104 1/2.....105 1/2

U. S. 5s.....104 1/2.....105 1/2.....106 1/2.....107 1/2

U. S. 6s.....106 1/2.....107 1/2.....108 1/2.....109 1/2

U. S. 7s.....108 1/2.....109 1/2.....110 1/2.....111 1/2

U. S. 8s.....110 1/2.....111 1/2.....112 1/2.....113 1/2

U. S. 9s.....112 1/2.....113 1/2.....114 1/2.....115 1/2

U. S. 10s.....114 1/2.....115 1/2.....116 1/2.....117 1/2

U. S. 11s.....116 1/2.....117 1/2.....118 1/2.....119 1/2

U. S. 12s.....118 1/2.....119 1/2.....120 1/2.....121 1/2

U. S. 13s.....120 1/2.....121 1/2.....122 1/2.....123 1/2

U. S. 14s.....122 1/2.....123 1/2.....124 1/2.....125 1/2

U. S. 15s.....124 1/2.....125 1/2.....126 1/2.....127 1/2

U. S. 16s.....126 1/2.....127 1/2.....128 1/2.....129 1/2

U. S. 17s.....128 1/2.....129 1/2.....130 1/2.....131 1/2

U. S. 18s.....130 1/2.....131 1/2.....132 1/2.....133 1/2

U. S. 19s.....132 1/2.....133 1/2.....134 1/2.....135 1/2

U. S. 20s.....134 1/2.....135 1/2.....136 1/2.....137 1/2

U. S. 21s.....136 1/2.....137 1/2.....138 1/2.....139 1/2

U. S. 22s.....138 1/2.....139 1/2.....140 1/2.....141 1/2

U. S. 23s.....140 1/2.....141 1/2.....142 1/2.....143 1/2

U. S. 24s.....142 1/2.....143 1/2.....144 1/2.....145 1/2

U. S. 25s.....144 1/2.....145 1/2.....146 1/2.....147 1/2

U. S. 26s.....146 1/2.....147 1/2.....148 1/2.....149 1/2

U. S. 27s.....148 1/2.....149 1/2.....150 1/2.....151 1/2

U. S. 28s.....150 1/2.....151 1/2.....152 1/2.....153 1/2

U. S. 29s.....152 1/2.....153 1/2.....154 1/2.....155 1/2

U. S. 30s.....154 1/2.....155 1/2.....156 1/2.....157 1/2

U. S. 31s.....156 1/2.....157 1/2.....158 1/2.....159 1/2

U. S. 32s.....158 1/2.....159 1/2.....160 1/2.....161 1/2

U. S. 33s.....160 1/2.....161 1/2.....162 1/2.....163 1/2

U. S. 34s.....162 1/2.....163 1/2.....164 1/2.....165 1/2

U. S. 35s.....164 1/2.....165 1/2.....166 1/2.....167 1/2

U. S. 36s.....166 1/2.....167 1/2.....168 1/2.....169 1/2

U. S. 37s.....168 1/2.....169 1/2.....170 1/2.....171 1/2

U. S. 38s.....170 1/2.....171 1/2.....172 1/2.....173 1/2

U. S. 39s.....172 1/2.....173 1/2.....174 1/2.....175 1/2

U. S. 40s.....174 1/2.....175 1/2.....176 1/2.....177 1/2

U. S. 41s.....176 1/2.....177 1/2.....178 1/2.....179 1/2

U. S. 42s.....178 1/2.....179 1/2.....180 1/2.....181 1/2

U. S. 43s.....180 1/2.....181 1/2.....182 1/2.....183 1/2

U. S. 44s.....182 1/2.....183 1/2.....184 1/2.....185 1/2

U. S. 45s.....184 1/2.....185 1/2.....186 1/2.....187 1/2

U. S. 46s.....186 1/2.....187 1/2.....188 1/2.....189 1/2

U. S. 47s.....188 1/2.....189 1/2.....190 1/2.....191 1/2

U. S. 48s.....190 1/2.....191 1/2.....192 1/2.....193 1/2

U. S. 49s.....192 1/2.....193 1/2.....194 1/2.....195 1/2

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U. S. 55s.....204 1/2.....205 1/2.....206 1/2.....207 1/2

U. S. 56s.....206 1/2.....207 1/2.....208 1/2.....209 1/2

U. S. 57s.....208 1/2.....209 1/2.....210 1/2.....211 1/2

U. S. 58s.....210 1/2.....211 1/2.....212 1/2.....213 1/2

Atlanta, August 31, 1882.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade today:

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November.....95.....94.....95

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January.....95.....94.....95

February.....95.....94.....95

March.....95.....94.....95

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June.....95.....94.....95

CITY NEWS.

THE REGULAR RECORD OF CURRENT LOCAL EVENTS.

The Day's Doing in Public Offices—The Record of the Courts, the Railroads and Hotels—Capital Jottings—Real Estate—Operative—Improvements—Gossip of All Kinds.

Country produce is scarce. Atlanta gets the railroad shops. The car shed floor is being relaid. The burglar is again on the war path. The municipal political pot is beginning to simmer.

Ponce de Leon was well patronized yesterday. The wholesale merchants report trade on the increase. The painter is still in demand and gets good prices for his work.

Alderman Beermann presided at police court yesterday morning.

It is said that Atlanta is now having twenty miles of pavement laid.

The police are on the alert for Henry Moore, an escape convict.

The soda water and ice cream vendors did not reap a harvest yesterday.

Overcoats and flannels were brought out from their winter quarters yesterday.

A horse looked to one of the street boys yesterday on Wall and Loyd streets.

A party of sportsmen from New York passed through the city yesterday, en route to Florida.

Six car loads of apples from Kentucky passed through Atlanta yesterday, for southern Georgia.

Mr. Stephens will speak at the opera house tonight. Doors open at seven o'clock. The public are invited.

The railroad men who run into Atlanta are contemplating the organization of a mutual benefit relief association.

Several colored emigrants from South Carolina came down on the Air-Line yesterday, and left for Texas via the Kennesaw.

Albert Floyd was before Justice Tanner yesterday charged with assaulting and beating his sister, Martha Floyd. He was sent to jail to await trial.

Major Slaton is busily engaged issuing tickets of admission to the public schools which open on Monday. Every applicant is required to show a certificate of vaccination, approved by the board of education.

Major D. E. Caldwell, formerly editor and proprietor of the Evening Post-Appeal, has purchased the Lexington (Ky.) Transcript and proposes to make it the best paper in Kentucky.

John Speer, of Campbell county, charged with violating the revenue laws, was surrendered by his surety yesterday to Colonel Buck, clerk of the United States courts, and was committed to jail. The young man's father was his surety. They had a falling out, which resulted in the young man's falling into jail.

REAL ESTATE AND BUILDING NOTES.

The Atlanta street car depot is nearly finished.

Mr. H. Foster is building a handsome residence on Fair street.

Mr. H. H. Hanks is building a two story frame residence on Garnett street.

The second ward is having new houses added to its taxable property every day.

Mrs. F. Clemens has purchased a lot on Clifford street, and will soon begin building a nice cottage.

The painters and carpenters are now handling Senator Brown's new brick building on Alabama street.

Real estate agents predict that real estate in Atlanta will be worth more next spring than ever before.

Mr. S. H. Gosde, the real estate agent, yesterday sold a house and lot on Pine street to a gentleman from Cincinnati.

A Domino Party.

Miss Florio's many friends spent a pleasant hour at her father's residence, No. 44 Walker street, yesterday evening.

Repairing the Calaboose.

Work upon the station house was begun yesterday. In every cell the floors are to be relaid, and are to be double, the top flooring crosswise the bottom. This will make the cells escape-proof.

A Stephens Club.

A movement is on foot among a number of the young men of the city to organize a Stephens club for the campaign. A meeting will probably be held Saturday night at some suitable place, hereafter to be announced.

A Small Row.

Last night a difficulty occurred on Peters street near Beermann, between Ike Massey and Henry Moore, two negro men, in which Moore was badly injured by a blow on the head with a stick in the hands of Massey.

Society News.

Parties having news relating to marriages, parties, balls, personals, etc., which they wish to appear in Sunday's issue of THE CONSTITUTION, will please hand or send the same to Society Editor by Friday, 12 o'clock. Any information pertaining to society matters respectfully solicited.

Bad News.

A few days since a sister of Major Cummings came from her home in Alabama to visit her sick brother. Yesterday she received a telegram from her home announcing the serious illness of a sister. After the afternoon she left her sick brother for the bedside of her sick sister.

Run Over by a Wagon.

Shortly after dark last night Mollie Jones, a small negro girl who lives with a white family on Whitehall street, was run over by a day near the corner of Peters and Whitehall streets. The child was crossing the street when the wagon suddenly turned the corner. Before she could escape, or before the driver could check his horse, she was under the wheels, which passed over her right leg, breaking it below the knee.

A Bad Darkey.

Yesterday afternoon Officer Russell's attention was directed to a drunken negro, who was attempting to raise a small riot on Gilmer street, but when the officer made an effort to arrest the darkey he met with a strong resistance, which was only overcome by the aid of a street dray upon which Officer Russell and his associate, Officer Stroud, placed the drunken darkey, and upon which they hauled him to the station house, where he was looked for a multiplicity of crimes.

Thanksgiving Services To-Day.

The union thanksgiving services will be held at the First Baptist church to-day, beginning promptly at eleven o'clock. General C. A. Evans, pastor of the First Methodist church, will preside. The following programme of exercises will be observed:

1. Thanksgiving Voluntary by the choir.

2. Reading of the Scriptures—Rev. V. Norcross.

3. Prayer—Rev. N. Keiff Smith.

4. Hymns of Praise, by the congregation.

5. Sermon—Rev. J. H. Martin, D.D.

6. Song.

7. Brief addresses by Governor Colquhoun, Dr. Hornady and Rev. A. G. Thomas.

8. Prayer—Rev. Walter T. Branham.

9. Benediction.

Back from Athens.

Captain John Milledge, of this city, returned from Athens yesterday, where he has been spending several days recuperating his strength. For some time past Captain Milledge has been so greatly bothered with his eyes that he was compelled to abandon his professional duties entirely; but his many friends will be pleased to know that he is now nearly recovered. Of Captain Milledge's visit to Athens the Banner says: Captain John Milledge, of Atlanta, is a guest of Dr. Hamill.

ton, Captain Milledge went through the university on yesterday. Old Franklin college was founded through the princely munificence of the gentleman's grandfather.

A NEW OPERA HOUSE.

A Prospect that Atlanta Will Have One Soon—The Plans Being Considered.

For several weeks two Atlanta gentlemen, one a progressive young business man of ample means, the other a retired capitalist, have been considering the erection of a handsome opera house in the city. The matter has not taken definite shape yet, because neither of the gentlemen are determined fully exactly what is the best thing to do. Two sites have been under consideration, both on Decatur street—and one or the other of these places will be selected. The entire matter of the plans is to be submitted to New York architects in a few days. The younger of the two gentlemen said to a CONSTITUTION reporter:

"The erection of the opera house is with me a purely business enterprise. If I go into it it will be solely and simply for the money that is in it. My prospective partner, however, has some ambition to hand down to posterity a monument for himself in the shape of an opera house bearing his name. I do not object to honoring his whim, and the opera house will be named for him. I will leave in about ten days for New York and will consult some theatrical men and artists there, and will probably have the designs prepared at once. If we build we will lease the building to some good theatrical man or set of men. I have had some correspondence on the subject. One prominent manager endeavored to discourage me, but two reliable firms offered to lease on good terms, and I will see them when I reach New York, and will probably model the building after their views."

ON TO THE CHAIN-GANG.

A Gainesville Darkey on His Way to Lockett's Brick and for a Year.

Yesterday when a CONSTITUTION reporter entered the office of Captain John W. Nelms, principal keeper of the penitentiary, he found seated therein a very neatly dressed darkey about whose neck was a heavy chain with a large padlock dangling about the man's breast like a monster fob. A CONSTITUTION reporter asked him whether he was drifting, and in a hesitating manner the negro replied:

"I guess they are taking me to the brick-yard."

"What for?"

"I worked in a barber shop in Gainesville, and one day a negro man came in and wanted a shave and hair cut. He lacked five cents of having the money with which to pay me, and pawned with me a ring that I took to be brass. A man who keeps a confectionery in Gainesville saw me with the ring and said that it was his wife's. It turned out that somebody had broken into the shop and had stolen the ring, and as I had it in my possession and could not show up the man that I got it from, I was convicted and sentenced to one year. The ring was worth about four dollars. I shall go on to the penitentiary, and I expect by good behavior to come out before the twelve month expires."

The negro's name was ascertained to be William Johnson, and he was a citizen of Atlanta before he went to Gainesville.

THE GEORGIA PACIFIC.

An Interesting and Gratifying Glance at the Work That is Being Done.

Major Temple has returned from a trip to Mississippi, and brings good news of the progress of work on the Georgia Pacific railroad. The major takes everything as a matter of course, and talks about the building of nearly five hundred miles of railroad just as he would give directions about the digging of a well. For instance, he would reply to a query after this fashion:

"You ask me how work is progressing on the road. Get out your note book. The Georgia Pacific has been completed from King's cross roads, forty-five miles. Nearly all the grading has been done between Ringer's cross roads and Anniston, Ala., and in October we will begin the running of trains through to that place. All the rails have been ordered, and are arriving daily, and the work on the road is being pushed as rapidly as possible. The work between Anniston and Birmingham is let and the contractors are getting on the ground every day, and soon the workmen will be swarming along the line. The thirty-five miles of the road east from Columbus to the line of Walker county have been let and work commenced. Thirty miles then road have been completed from Greenville, Mississippi, to Johnsonville, and a branch road 20 miles long has been completed from Stoneville to Sharkey. A short piece of the line has also been completed eastward from Columbus to Fern Bank."

"How long is the road?"

"The entire road from Atlanta to Greenville, Miss., will be 462 miles long, and of that 282 miles have been let and partially completed. Everything is in good shape and work is progressing nicely. We expect to reach Birmingham and have the road in full operation between Atlanta and that place by the time next year. Meantime work will proceed on the other parts of the line."

"How is the belt line doing?"

"I have not been out to see the belt road since my return. The work was let several weeks ago and the contractors are getting on the ground every day. They agreed to complete the road in three months and from what I can hear they are making rapid progress toward fulfilling their obligation."

FOUR CASES OF BURGLARY.

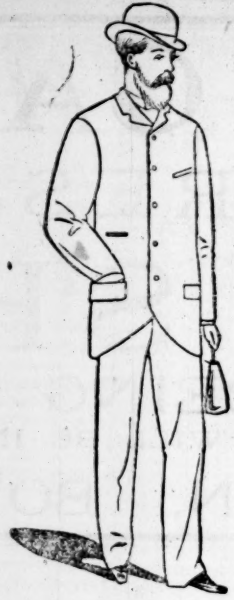
The Hitt Night Watchmen Enrich Themselves at Workers' Expense.

Soon after Mr. J. H. Emmerson, who resides on West Harris street, arose yesterday early he ascended to his pants, which he had laid upon a chair in his room, the night before when he retired, were gone. Their absence induced an investigation which led to the discovery of the fact that his boots had been visited by a thief during the night. By placing an old barrel which he found in the yard under the window the thief was enabled to gain an entrance. From the dressing case in Mr. Emmerson's room the thief took a fine silver watch and a gold chain and a pair of earrings. In addition to these articles he carried away with him Mr. Emmerson's pants, in the pockets of which there was about fifteen dollars. On the back of the chair from which the thief took the pants was Mr. Emmerson's vest, in one pocket of which there was nearly two hundred dollars, but for some cause this was not molested. After quitting the house the thief stuffed the pants in a well bucket and took his departure without leaving a clue behind him.

Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Parker, who resides on Markham street, left her house securely locked, and paid a call she was due a lady on Forsyth street. Late in the evening she returned home to find that some one had called while she was away. The caller, however, was not of an honest turn of mind, and when he left carried with him an article of wearing apparel, an umbrella and an old gold bracelet. As the rear door of the house was standing wide open it is presumed that the thief made his exit thereby, but his mode of entrance is a mystery. Mrs. Parker locked the door and left the key on the inside before she left. It is thought that the thief entered the house before Mrs. Parker went away, secreted himself, committed the theft, and then he came out, unlocked the back door and went his way unnoticed.

Soon after dark last night while Mr. N. T. Bowman and his family, who reside on Stinson street, were sitting on the front veranda a thief entered the kitchen and stole a ham, some bread and a couple of knives and forks, and made his escape without being detected.

Some time during Tuesday night an attempt was made to enter Mr. Johnson's grocery store at the corner of Marietta and Barlow streets. Fortunately for Mr. Johnson one of his clerks was sleeping in the store and the noise made by the burglar awoke him.



OUR ENTIRE STOCK

SUMMER CLOTHING AT COST, UNTIL SEPTEMBER 1ST FOR CASH.

JAMES A. ANDERSON & CO.,

41 Whitehall Street.

aug3 d12m-top col 7p

NOVEL READING.

The Kind of Light Literature Atlanta's Young Women Read Upon.

"That lady calls regularly every other morning for a dime novel," said Mr. James Lynch, the Whitehall street stationer, to a CONSTITUTION reporter yesterday morning, as a young lady walked out of the store.

"For a dime novel?" remarked the reporter, in surprise.

"Yes, for a dime novel, and she reads it too. She is as conversant with Beadle's series as any fifteen year old boy in the world. She has read 'Big Foot the Indian Guide,' 'Billy Bowlegs,' 'The Sioux Chief,' 'The White Horse Phantom,' 'The Prairie Maiden,' and a host of others."

"Do you sell many dime novels?"

"No, not a great many now. The day for dime novels seems to have gone by. But the Seaside goes rapidly. We sell some days dozens and dozens of these books, and when a new one makes a hit, you would be surprised at the demand for it. We couldn't keep enough on hand. It was the same way with 'Philly,' 'Ellen Devere,' 'Hilda,' and 'A Golden Heart.'"

"Then novel reading must be big in Atlanta?"

"No, I can't say that it is. On the contrary, it is not as large as it was a while back, but I attribute this more to the Young Men's library than to a falling off of novel reading. Many who bought their literature once now get it at the library."

"Many ledgers taken here?"

"Oh, yes, we have regular subscribers for the New York Ledger, the Weekly Fire-side Companion and the Saturday Night."

"How about the standard works?"

"Oh, occasionally we have a call for a Waverly or some of Dickens's works."

BRO' GAINES COMPLAINS.

The Pastor of Bethel A. M. E. Church has a Grievance Against One of His Members.

From the Columbus, Ga., Enquirer-Sun.

ATLANTA, Ga., August 24.—Enquirer-Sun: No man can visit or live in Columbus, Ga., without loving his friends, both white and colored. I know the good people of that city. I preached there four years and some of my best friends were white men; therefore I want to tell you, and the authorities of the railroad between Columbus and Opelika something that I don't hear you are great in. I left Atlanta last Tuesday afternoon to fill an appointment at St. James A. M. E. church in Columbus, and when I got to Opelika, I changed cars, for that beautiful city, (Columbus) the seat on the Opelika railroad, colored are very solid and hard. They really tried our faith but worse than that; the first two passengers that greeted me in the colored car, were two little dogs. They seemed to understand themselves perfectly well. I waited for some one to come and remove them from the car, for I did not know they were to be my companions to Columbus, but when the train started off—they jumped upon the seats and made themselves very comfortable. Before we got to Columbus—in the dark, at a station—a lady sit where the dogs had been sitting, and her dress was fearful when she got up, and I did not say anything, but I saw the dogs had been sitting on her dress. I left Atlanta last Tuesday afternoon to fill an appointment at St. James A. M. E. church in Columbus, and when I got to Opelika, I changed cars, for that beautiful city, (Columbus) the seat on the Opelika railroad, colored are very solid and hard. They really tried our faith but worse than that; the first two passengers that greeted me in the colored car, were two little dogs. They seemed to understand themselves perfectly well. I waited for some one to come and remove them from the car, for I did not know they were to be my companions to Columbus, but when the train started off—they jumped upon the seats and made themselves very comfortable. Before we got to Columbus—in the dark, at a station—a lady sit where the dogs had been sitting, and her dress was fearful when she got up, and I did not say anything, but I saw the dogs had been sitting on her dress.

Rev. E. P. Holmes, A. H. Hendricks and Jackson Holt met me at the Columbus depot and took me to St. James church, where I addressed a fine congregation of the best people of our race. My subject was "Cherfulness"—therefore, I would not say anything about the dogs. But on the next morning (Wednesday) when I left Columbus for Opelika, as the train crossed the Chattahoochee river, the same two dogs came into the colored car and took their position as usual and went on to Opelika with more privilege than colored passengers. I became desperate about the matter and made inquiries. Some one told me that the dogs belonged to Mr. John E. Cheney, the conductor. This I could not believe until I had asked the conductor: "Are these your dogs?" "Yes," said Mr. Cheney. Not only this, but the boy came into the colored car and took the cup that is in there for the passengers to drink out of, and took the water in the cup that I had just drunk from and watered the dogs. Now I don't believe the gentleman that is at the head of this road knows that we are treated in this way. These dogs have been traveling until they have learned all kinds of badness. One act that they make the dogs play is too black to publish, but I will tell the superintendent the first time I see him. I was disgusted and smoked furs from Atlanta to Columbus. Sometimes I pay extra fare and get on the sleeping car, just so I can have a little peace. I hope you will take this letter in the spirit in which it is written. You will do our females good and not hurt your race. I tell you it makes a man feel awfully humiliated to see such treatment of the colored people, who must stay here with the white race until Jesus comes, and then many of us must live together in heaven. I write as a Christian and I believe the Christians among the white people of Georgia will speak against this kind of treatment to colored passengers.

I am truly yours, W. J. GAINES.

Pastor of Bethel A. M. E. church, Atlanta, Georgia.

CARPETS. CARPETS.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS.

JOHN RYAN

Is receiving daily the largest and most magnificent lot of Carpets ever shown in any Carpet House in the Southern States, consisting in part of

TAPESTRY, BODY BRUSSELLS, WILTONS,
VELVETS, MOUQUETTE, AXMINSTER,
All kinds, INGRAINS, Etc., Etc., Etc.,

and is selling them at prices which are unapproachable by any house in the United States.

JOHN RYAN

ALSO, KEEPS THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF HOUSEFURNISHINGGOODS

to be found anywhere. Below we mention a few of the many house-furnishing articles always to be found in his.

EXTENSIVE CARPET WARE-ROOMS.

Crumb Cloths all sizes. Mosquito Nets. Lambrequins made in all designs and of any material. Dado Shades in latest designs. Ottomans, Adjustable Cornices, Mattresses, Scotch Holland, all widths and colors.

Magnificent assortment of Cretones, Raw Silk, Jute Goods, etc.

JOHN RYAN

makes a specialty of Recovering Furniture.

CARPETS SOLD ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN AT CASH PRICES.

Parties contemplating furnishing their houses this fall will save money and study their own interests by calling at

JOHN RYAN'S,
61 WHITEHALL AND 70-78 BROAD ST.

AT WHOLESALE ONLY.

Having determined to sell out our entire Retail Drug Department, September 1, 1882, we will, after that date, sell at

WHOLESALE ONLY.

PEMBERTON, IVERSON & CO.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,

40 AND 42 WALL STREET, Opposite Passenger Depot.

N. B.—Third Floor 100x50 feet, with elevator, suitable for light manufacturing purposes, for Rent.

aug12-dif 7th up on ryan

61 AND STILL MARCHING ON!

J. L. Fincher, Mitchell street, and E. P. McKown, Foundry street, can now supply you with

DIAMOND PATENT FLOUR.

The best in the United States.

aug12-dif 7th up on ryan

From the Great Drug House of the Northwest.

CHICAGO, July 14th, 1882.

We do not hesitate to say that for a year past we have sold more of your Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) than all other blood purifiers combined, and with most astonishing results. One gentleman who used half a dozen bottles says that it has done him more good than treatment which cost him \$1,000. Another who had used it for a scrofulous affection reports a permanent cure from its use. Yours truly, VANSHAACK, STEVENSON & CO.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., July 17th, 1882.

I have had what my physicians termed eczema for over eight years, and came five years ago to this place to live in order that I might be cured. During that time I energetically applied all the healing art of the physicians here (both internal and external) in connection with the celebrated Thermal hot baths, and in addition have taken more than a hundred bottles of various medicines without the desired result. Up to three months ago I had almost believed my case incurable, and began taking Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) with all the skepticism possible, although the eruption was at first worse, yet there were some signs of improvement, and after three months ago I am sound and well, not a sign of the eruption, my skin smooth and clear. And my general health as good as it ever was. Of there are any doubting ones, let them write to me here.

In Grant county, Kentucky, a horse was bitten by a mad dog and died of hydrophobia. Over twenty-five dogs feasted on the carcass, went mad, and had to be killed.

No Hack.

In one of Hans Andersen's stories, he speaks of an old lady, who, when she went into company, made a very genteel appearance, only she had no back. There are many people who suffer so many aches and pains and weakness in that part of the body, that they almost wish they had no back. But these pains, etc., come from kidney disease, and there is a medicine—Hunt's Remedy, the great kidney and liver medicine—that works so such a change that one taking it becomes, like the old lady, unconscious of a back, though unlike her in having a whole, sound, and perpendicular back. Hunt's Remedy has a back of the stiffest kind, for its mission is to support the weak, and heal the ailing, and this it is doing all over the land.

aug12 d12m-top col 7p

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15th, 1880.

GENTLEMEN—Having been a sufferer for a long time from nervous prostration and general debility, I was advised to try Hop Bitters. I have taken one bottle, and I have been rapidly getting better ever since, and I think it the best medicine I ever used. I am now gaining strength and appetite, which was all gone, and I was in despair until I tried Hop Bitters. I am now well, able to go about and do my own work. Before taking it I was completely prostrated.

MRS. MARY STUART

OPHIUM By B. M. WOOLLEY, Atlanta, Ga.

HABITUALLY TO BE CALLED MONKEYS, AND CURE. Send for my book on the

habit and its cure. Free.

aug12 d12m-top col 7p

NESTLE'S CONDENSED SWISS MILK

is guaranteed to be the PUREST and RICHEST on the market. Try it once and you will use it always. Ask for the "Nest" Brand and take no other. Send for pamphlet containing "Nestle's Milk Food."

THOS. LEEMING & CO., Sole Agents, NEW YORK CITY.

aug12 d12m-top col 7p

STILL FURTHER REDUCTION

AT

GAY'S

OF SOME SPECIAL LOTS OF

SUMMER SUITS

We will make extraordinary low prices for the coming week, to-wit:

Suits at \$8, former price \$11.

Suits at \$10, former price \$14.

Suits at \$12, former price \$18.

Suits at \$15, former price \$20.

These goods are desirable.

THEY ARE CHEAP.

Come and see them.

A. O. M. GAY & CO.,

37 PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

706mar19-dif 7th up

NOTICE.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS

I WILL LET TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES FROM ONE TO FIVE MILES OF LIGHT GRADING. Apply to

J. H. POWERS, City, Ga.

LAW OFFICE OF JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,
Rooms 5 and 6, Atlanta National Bank.
Messrs. McBRIDE & CO., Atlanta, Ga.:
In reply to your question, I answer that
your "Cherry Patent Steam Evaporator"
has been running on my plantation at
Orchard Hill, for several weeks in connection
with several others of different patents. My
Orchard Superintendent reports that it gives
satisfaction, and that it is the best Evaporator
he ever saw for general use.

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM.
JAN 16-41y top 1st col 8p

SCHOOL BOOKS
—AND—
SCHOOL SUPPLIES
—FOR—
COLLEGES, ACADEMIES,
High Grammar, Primary, and
Private Schools.

HOLMAN, COFFIN & CO.
JAN 16-41y top 1st col 8p

JANUARY
JEWELRY
SOLID SILVER
BRIDAL PRESENTS.
LARGEST STOCK, NEWEST STYLES
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
FACTORY & SALESROOM,
34 WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.

COTTON AND WEATHER.
Cotton, middling uplands closed in Liverpool
yesterday, at 7 1/2c; in New York, at 12 1/2c; in
Atlanta at 12 1/2c.

Daily Weather Report
OBSERVER'S OFFICE, RICHARD CORNELL, U. S. A.
KIMBALL HOUSE, August 30, 10:31 P. M.
All observations taken at the same moment of
time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Wind.	Force.	Direction.	Weather.
Atlanta.	30.08	65	N. E.	3	Light.	Springy.
Augusta.	30.12	65	N. E.	3	Light.	Cloudy.
Galveston.	30.01	62	S. W.	3	Light.	Clear.
Indianapolis.	29.98	62	S. W.	3	Light.	Cloudy.
Key West.	30.07	72	S. W.	3	Light.	Fair.
Mobile.	30.06	72	S. W.	3	Light.	Fair.
Montgomery.	30.04	72	S. W.	3	Light.	Fair.
New Orleans.	30.04	72	S. W.	3	Light.	Fair.
Pensacola.	30.03	72	S. W.	3	Light.	Fair.
Savannah.	30.03	72	S. W.	3	Light.	Fair.

Local Observations.
Time of Observation.
6:31 a.m. 30.05 65 N. E. 3 Springy.
10:31 a.m. 30.10 65 N. E. 3 Cloudy.
2:31 p.m. 30.06 64 N. E. 3 Cloudy.
4:31 p.m. 30.04 64 N. E. 3 Cloudy.
6:31 p.m. 30.03 64 N. E. 3 Cloudy.
Mean daily bar. 30.05 Maximum 65.0
Mean daily therm. 65.0 Minimum 62.0
Mean daily wind. 3.0 Total rainfall. 0.02

Cotton Belt Railroads.
Observations taken at 5 p.m.—Local time.

Atlanta District.	Max.	Min.	Bar.
Atlanta.	68	65	30.08
Decatur.	68	65	30.08
Toccoa.	71	62	30.10
Gainesville.	74	66	30.12
Dalton.	80	68	30.14
Calhoun.	81	69	30.16
Cartersville.	81	64	30.18
West Point.	82	68	30.20
Newark.	80	68	30.22
Griffin.	70	62	30.24

DISTRICTS.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

H. HALL,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

ELEGANT
ESTABLISHMENT

One of the most attractive and elegant establish-
ments in Atlanta, is the handsome jewelry store of
A. F. PICKERT, No. 31 Whitehall street. His superb
and carefully arranged stock claims the admiration
of all who see it, and a visit to his establishment is
always pleasant and interesting, for aside from the
attractions of a pretty and stylish stock of jewelry,
he has just received a large stock of the celebrated
Morden Britannia company's silverware, some elegant
designed in new sets, water sets, baking dishes,
with up-to-date line, something handsome, and
many other goods too numerous to mention.
These goods are the latest in the world, and the
best finished goods in the trade, go to No. 31
Whitehall street and see them.

A. F. PICKERT,
JEWELER.

P. S.—A full line of the finest imported Spectacles
and Eye-glasses can also be found at my place,
which I guarantee to give satisfaction for five years.
may 3-41y top 1st col 8p

WATCHES,
JEWELRY.
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
31 Whitehall Street.

We are prepared to do all the most difficult
WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING
JAN 16-41y top 1st col 8p

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS
FOR ELECTRIC LIGHT
AT HAA'S OFFICE, 32
ALABAMA STREET.

Scott & Bowne's Soluble Beef, granulated,
contains not only the flavor but the real substance of
the meat which is a most desirable nourishment for
children and invalids. For sale by Druggists and
Grocers. June 23-41y top 1st col 8p

THE HEKTOGRAPH.

100 copies from one writing.

Cap, Letter and Note size.

PHILLIPS & CREW,

AGENTS.

JAN 16-41y top 1st col 8p

A CHANCE
FOR
A GOOD
INVESTMENT
AT
48
MARIETTA
STREET.

MAN'S INHUMANITY.

A White Man Held for Assault with Intent to Murder a Young White Woman.

Justice Tanner had an unusual case before him yesterday. The defendant was a white man named Charles Colcord, who came to Atlanta about a month ago, bringing with him his wife and a white girl, aged about 20, whose name was Annie Seay. She was moderately good looking and was of fair intelligence. The trio took up their abode at the corner of Jackson and Morris streets. Colcord, it is said, was for a while a driver on the Wheat car line. He was beaten while out on the street at night and that he knew nothing of who had assaulted her. He said also that the girl had broken open his trunk several days ago and had stolen about twenty dollars therefrom, and that she had turned the money over to a negro woman who was named by him. The woman was visited by the police but denied all knowledge of the money. The girl also denied the statement that she had stolen the money. While the girl was at the station house she was asked how she came to be so badly bruised. She replied that on Sunday Colcord ordered her to get him a drink of water, and as she was not quick enough to suit him, he knocked her down. Dr. Kerstan examined the bruises on her body by direction of the authorities, and made a statement in conformity with the facts given above. Colcord was tried before Justice Tanner, and as the evidence was overwhelming against him, he was sent to jail in default of bond to await a final trial on a charge of assault with intent to murder.

Before the Commissioner.

William Oley, of Fulton county, was sent to jail by Commissioner Smith yesterday to await trial on a charge of illicit distilling of whisky. Lee Jackson, of Douglas county, was committed for a hearing to-day on a charge of removing illicit whisky.

PERSONAL.

Frank Mobley is in the city again.

Colonel A. R. Lamar is at the Kimball.

E. T. Comer, of Savannah, is at the Markham.

Dr. G. L. Johnson, of Newman, is at the Kimball.

J. W. Harris, of Chattanooga, was in the city yesterday.

Colonel W. H. Willis, of Oglethorpe, Ga., is stopping at the Kimball.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Middleton, of Charleston, are guests at the Kimball.

Jack Slapper has returned to Atlanta after a pleasant visit to New York.

Miss Sallie Reese, of Washington, and Miss Mattie Ross, of Macon, are at the Kimball.

Mr. T. B. Green, one of the most prominent merchants of Washington, Ga., is at the Kimball.

The charming Miss Minnie Youmans, of Graham, Ga., is again visiting the city to the delight of her many friends.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Snook spent Sunday in St. Paul, and are now en route to San Francisco. They will be absent several weeks.

Miss Mattie and Hannah Sheehan, of this city, who have been spending the summer in North Carolina, returned home yesterday.

A Female Impostor.

A person having the appearance and manner of a young lady has been soliciting the money of the citizens of Atlanta in behalf of the Atlanta Hospital and Benevolent Home. She has no authority to make such collections, and if she has received any money contributed for this purpose, she has appropriated it to her own use. The citizens are warned not to trust her statements, and she is hereby notified that her name and residence are known, and unless she desists from this wicked practice she will be exposed.

H. H. TUCKER,
President Atlanta Hospital and Benevolent Home, 111 Alabama street.

Members of Trinity congregation are affectionately reminded of the Governor's proclamation for Thanksgiving to God to-day, and requested, as far as possible, to join in the public services at First Baptist Church.

Catharsis of the Bladder.

STINGING irritation, inflammation, all Kidney and Urinary Complaints, cured by "Ruchumaba." \$1 Depot, Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta.

Meers, Rushing, Keller & Co. have leased the next to the Georgia National Bank building, for a term of years, and will take possession September 1st.

Sufferers from dyspepsia unable to digest solid food will find in Scott & Bowne's Soluble Beef a most nourishing food that will distress them. For sale by Druggists and Grocers. June 23-41y top 1st col 8p

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

At the expiration of Alderman Beermann's term of office, the south side of the railroad will have no immediate representative in the aldermanic board, as there are two of the ones holding over from the north side. Justice demands that Alderman Beermann's successor should be from the south side of Atlanta, and they present the name of that old, tried public spirited citizen, Major John H. McCaslin, as a suitable man to fill the place and one that will be supported by the whole people of Atlanta.

SIDEWALK NOTES.

Do you have a friend? Does that friend suffer with neuralgia or headache? If so you can do him no greater service than to tell him of the Neuralgine. It never fails to cure neuralgia and headache. Try it—dry sun, tries thr

Home School for Young Ladies.

The above school will open next month, and will be presided over by Madame Sophie Sostowski, and Miss Caroline Sostowski, associate principals. It is located in the healthy, pretty, refined and cultivated city of Athens. It is a well-established institution, and grows more popular every year. The principals are refined, accomplished ladies, and in every respect well qualified for their positions. These ladies are assisted by accomplished teachers. The minds of pupils at this school will not only be cultivated and strengthened, the health, well-being and comfort looked after, but also every attention will be paid to the growth of habits, of refinement and true excellence.

The Soluble Beef prepared by Scott & Bowne is the food of excellence for the dyspeptic as it is the real substance of the meat in a digested form, and will nourish without causing the least distress. For sale by Druggists and Grocers. June 23-41y top 1st col 8p

NEW CARPETS SHOES
NEW DRESS GOODS JOHN KEELY
NEW SHIRTS.
"The Leader of Low Prices."

NOW BEING OPENED,
AND OUR FALL STOCK WILL BE IN ENTIRE IN A FEW DAYS.
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S
5c, 10c, 15c, 25c, 75c and \$1.00 Counters are more attractive than anything of the kind in the South. Articles a 5c and 10c that sell in other houses in a regular way for 25c and 50c.

Be sure and examine the goods on these Counters.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S
Millinery Department, presided over by Mrs. B. LYON, is one of the most attractive establishments of the kind south of Baltimore.

Do not fail to call and examine the beautiful Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, etc.

Also, agent for the sale of Mme. Demorest's celebrated Patterns. This is the best and most reliable pattern sold.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S
Dress Goods Department is very attractive.

All-wool Black Bunting 15c.

Black and White, Brown and Black, Black and Blue and Black Striped Silks 50c.

Plain Black Silk 50c.

Colored Silks, in all shades, 50 cents.

Black all-wool Cashmere 40c.

Black Satin 50, Colored Satins in delicate shades \$1.00, and all other goods in this department correspondingly low.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

Ladies' all-Leather sewed Shoes \$1.

Ladies' sewed all-Leather Imitation Goat Shoes \$1.

Ladies' Kid foxed Shoes \$1.

Ladies' all-cloth beautiful Shoes 75c.

Ladies' Kid Slippers 50c.

Ladies' Newport Ties 75c.

Carpet Slippers for Men and Women 50c.

Men's Calf Shoes, in all sizes, \$1.

These are the Biggest Bargains in Shoes ever offered in this city. Finer makes at satisfactory prices at W. H. BROTHERTON'S.

In addition to the nutritious properties of Scott & Bowne's Soluble Beef for invalids and dyspeptics, it is a most economical and delicious stock for soups and made dishes. For sale by Druggists and Grocers. June 23-41y top 1st col 8p

BEE LINE ROUTE
(C. C. C. & I. R. Y.)

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST LINE FROM CINCINNATI TO

CLEVELAND, SANDUSKY, PUT IN BAY, NIAGARA FALLS, THOUSAND ISLANDS, SARATOGA, WHITE MOUNTAINS, and the SEACAST. Eleven hours quicker from CINCINNATI AND BOSTON than any line with through Sleeping Cars. Quicker time between.

CINCINNATI AND NEW YORK CITY than any line, with no extra fares on fast trains, only the running directly into NEW YORK CITY without change or transfer.

D. EDWARDS,
General Southern Agent, Cincinnati, O.
A. J. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O.
June 1-31m

THE MARKHAM HOUSE,
Atlanta, Georgia.

HEADQUARTERS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS and Southern Tourists.

RATES—\$2.50, \$5.00 PER DAY.

Special rates made with families.

July 4-31m W. A. HUFF, Proprietor.

NEW HOLLAND SPRINGS,
HALL COUNTY, GEORGIA.

THE FINEST ACCOMMODATION, THE BEST water and the purest climate in the south.

TERMS:
\$30 per month; \$10 per week; \$2 per day.
Special rates given to families.

July 4-31m W. A. HUFF, Proprietor.

SHENANDOAH ACADEMY, WINCHESTER, VA.

Thirteenth session begins September 1st. Preparation for university, army, navy or business. Thorough discipline. Location unsurpassed for beauty and health. Covered gymnasium and extensive grounds. C. L. Minor, M. A. (University Va.) L. L. D.

aug 2-41y top 1st col 8p

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO HIRSCH BROS
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET,
Who were too busy yesterday receiving their Immense Fall Stock to prepare their advertisement.

may 2-41y top 1st col 8p

ROLLER PATENT FLOUR.

We are receiving weekly shipments of the genuine Roller Patent Flour. Also No. 2 Snow Roller Patent Flour, from the finest and only exclusively Roller Mill in the Southern States.

These two grades are not excelled by any other Flours manufactured in America.

Ask your Grocer for B. F. WYLY & Co.'s Number One Roller Patent and you will simply get the best made, and at the most reasonable price.

B. F. WYLY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
47 and 49 Alabama Street.

may 2-41y top 1st col 8p

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

Ready-made Clothing Department in Gents', Boys' and Children's is complete. If you need a new suit examine his immense stock. His prices are lower than the lowest.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

CENTRAL AND SOUTHWESTERN RAILROADS

SAVANNAH, GA., August 19, 1882.

On and after SUNDAY, August 20, 1882, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern railroads and branches will run as follows:

READ DOWNS.

No. 1. From Savannah. No. 3.

9:30 a.m. Lv. Savannah. Lv. 7:15 p.m.

4:27 p.m. Ar. Augusta. Ar. 5:30 a.m.

6:30 p.m. Ar. Macon. Ar. 7:30 a.m.

2:30 a.m. Ar. Atlanta. Ar. 12:30 p.m.

2:30 a.m. Ar. Columbus. Ar. 1:40 p.m.

7:11 a.m. Ar. Atlanta. Ar. 4:20 p.m.

4:40 a.m. Ar. Albany. Ar. 9:40 a.m.

4:40 a.m. Ar. Milledgeville. Ar. 9:40 a.m.

11:30 a.m. Ar. Eatonton. Ar. 11:30 a.m.

No. 12. From Atlanta. No. 15.

7:15 a.m. Lv. Atlanta. Lv. 8:00 p.m.

4:30 p.m. Ar. Savannah. Ar. 7:15 a.m.

6:30 a.m. Ar. Macon. Ar. 7:30 a.m.

2:30 a.m. Ar. Atlanta. Ar. 12:30 p.m.

2:30 a.m. Ar. Columbus. Ar. 1:40 p.m.

7:11 a.m. Ar. Atlanta. Ar. 4:20 p.m.

4:40 a.m. Ar. Albany. Ar. 9:40 a.m.

4:40 a.m. Ar. Milledgeville. Ar. 9:40 a.m.

11:30 a.m. Ar. Eatonton. Ar. 11:30 a.m.

No. 2. From Macon. No. 4.

7:15 a.m. Lv. Macon. Lv. 7:30 p.m.

4:35 p.m. Ar. Savannah. Ar. 7:15 a.m.

6:30 a.m. Ar. Macon. Ar. 7:30 a.m.

2:30 a.m. Ar. Atlanta. Ar. 12:30 p.m.

2:30 a.m. Ar. Columbus. Ar. 1:40 p.m.

7:11 a.m. Ar. Atlanta. Ar. 4:20 p.m.

4:40 a.m. Ar. Albany. Ar. 9:40 a.m.

4:40 a.m. Ar. Milledgeville. Ar. 9:40 a.m.